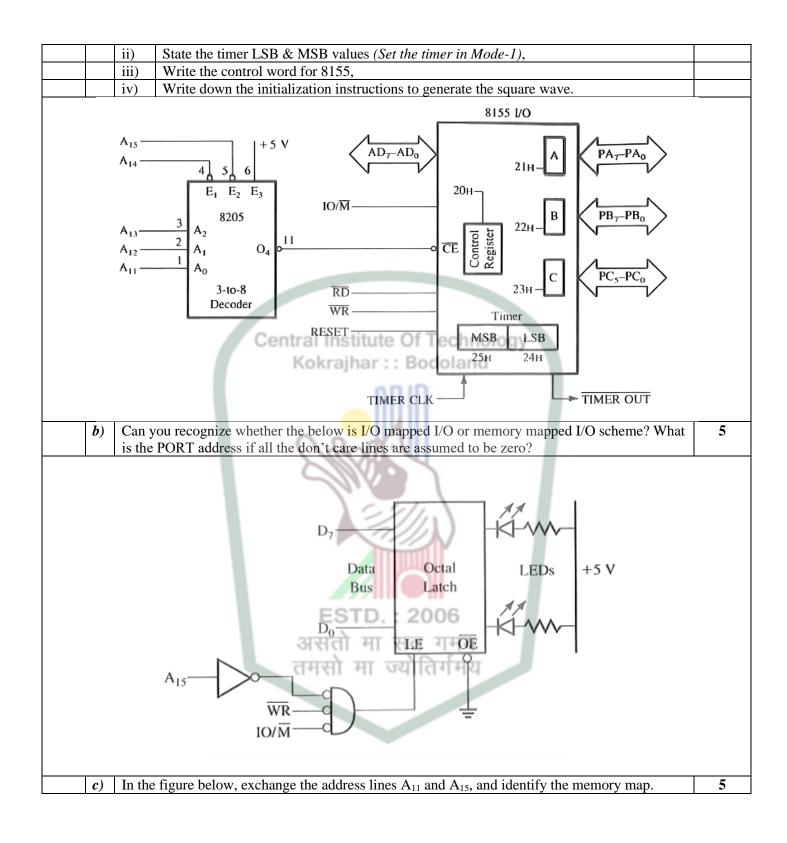
## CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY KOKRAJHAR (Deemed to be University) KOKRAJHAR :: BTR :: ASSAM :: 783370 <u>END – SEMESTER EXAMINATION</u> <u>DEGREE</u>

Session: July-December, 2024Semester: 5thTime: 3Hrs.Full Marks: 100Course Code: UIE 501Course Title: Microprocessor & Microcontroller

QUESTION NO. 1 IS COMPULSORY AND ANSWER ANY FOUR (4) FROM THE REST

Q1:									
	<i>a</i> ) Match the following:								
			Column-A	Column-B					
			Bits of PSW, responsible for selection of register	·· ??					
			banks						
			In 8051, oscillations periods of one machine cycle is	2-bytes					
			Directives used for ASCII strings	128-bytes					
			Size of the Instruction "MOV A, #44H" RS1 & RS0						
			Size of RAM in 8051	12					
	<b>b</b> )	State	e True or False. If false, write the correct statement.						
		i)							
		ii) The source file of 8051 program has the extension "asm" or "src", depending on the							
		,	assembler used.						
		iii)	Every member of the 8051 family wakes up at the memory 000	0H when it is powered					
		,	up.	Ĩ					
		iv)	The "END" directive is the last line of the 8051 program.						
		v)	The instruction PUSH A in 8051 is valid.						
	<i>c</i> )	Fill in	the blanks:		5				
		i)	The 8051 hasbytes of on chip ROM.						
		· ·	164/100/056/5101						
		ii)	The vast majority of registers in 8051 arebits.						
			[4/8/12/16]						
		iii)	With each PUSH instruction in 8051, the Stack Pointer is						
			[incremented/decremented/no change]						
		iv)	The mnemonics DJNZ stands for						
			[jump/ decrement and jump if $R=0$ / decrement and jump if $R \neq 0$ ]						
		<b>v</b> )	In "JZ NEXT" instruction of 8051, registrar's content is checked to see if it						
			is zero.						
			[A/ B/ R0/ R1]						
	<i>d</i> )	State	the contents of the memory locations 050H-056H for the followi	ng:	5				
			ORG 050 H						
			DB 0FC H, 05 H, 76 H, 1C H						
			DB "DIP"						
Q2:	Q2:								
	<i>a</i> )	The decode logic and port addresses of 8155 interfacing with 8085 is shown in the figure							
			low. Now, you have to design a square wave generator with a pulse width of 200 µsec by						
		using	using the 8155 timer and,						
		i)	Calculate the timer count value (the given clock frequency is 3M	<i>MHz</i> ),					



		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
		$ $ $D_7$ $D_0$					
Q3:							
<u> </u>	<i>a</i> )	Write an assembly language program for 8085 to find largest number in an array of twenty numbers of data which is store in memory location starting from E123H and store your result in F000H.					
	<ul> <li>b) Compare the similarities and differences between PUSH/POP and CALL/RET instruction.</li> </ul>						
	<i>c</i> )	Describe the interpretation of the accumulator bit pattern for the SIM-instruction.	4				
	<i>d</i> )	What is meant by maskable interrupts?	1				
	<i>e</i> )	What is the maximum number of input-output devices that can be connected in 8085 using I/O mapped I/O technique?	2				
Q4:							
<u>v</u> "	<i>a</i> )	Write an assembly language program for 8085 Microprocessor to multiply two 8-bit Data.	6				
	<b>b</b> )	Draw and explain the bus timing diagram of the instruction LDA D050H. Also, find the time required by the microprocessor to execute this instruction, if the clock frequency is 3 MHz					
	<i>c</i> )	List the major components of the 8279 keyboard/display interface, and explain their functions.					
Q5:							
	<i>a</i> )	What do you mean by de-multiplexing of lower order address - data bus? How it is done?	4				
	<ul> <li>b) Draw an interfacing circuit for a 4Kbyte EPROM using a 3 to 8 decoder such that the memory address range will be C000H-CFFFH.</li> </ul>						
	<i>c</i> )	Discuss EI and DI instructions.					
	<ul> <li><i>d</i>) Write an assembly language program to calculate the following expression on 8085: Y + 2Z - 3W The data Y, Z and W (as 06H, 07H and 02H) are stored in memory locations D008H to D00AH.</li> </ul>						
Q6:							
	<i>a</i> )	For the given program below:	6				

				Mnemonics	Operand			
				LDA	2100 H			
				СМА				
				INR A				
				STA	2101 H			
				HLT				
		i)	Assemble it starting fr	om ML: C000H		4		
		ii)						
		iii)						
	<b>b</b> )	) Write a program in assembly language for 8085 to mask off the least significant 4 bits of a given hexadecimal number. The answer should be stored in memory location 2200 H. Let the given number is B3 H						
	- )	XX7	. 1.1	fr = 0005 (s := int	and a set of the set of the set	- <b>f</b> 1	(	
	<i>c</i> )		a delay subroutine prog			of 1 millisecond using	6	
		only	one register. (Assume t	<u> </u>	<i>,</i>			
	<i>.</i>	Decer		tral Institute C		a of 9095	3	
	<i>d</i> )	Descr	ibe with examples one	byte, two byte and th	free byte instruction	IS 01 8085.	3	
07.								
Q7:	<i>a</i> )	For th	e given program below		In		4	
		i)	What will be the cond	PUSH H PUSH PSW LXI H, 00 PUSH H POP PSW POP H MOV A, H POP H		mogram?		
		ii)	Is there any arithmetic					
		11)	is more any annihelic	or regreat operation	is performed in this			
	<b>b</b> )	<ul> <li>b) What is difference between <i>CMP reg</i> and <i>SUB reg</i> instructions? Explain with suitable examples.</li> </ul>						
	<i>c</i> )	An ORA reg or ORI data instruction can be used to make a selected bit of a specified register as 1. Justify this statement. Also write the mnemonic of an instruction that will set bit 6 of the accumulator without changing any of the other bits in the register.						

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