## 2023 Wireless and Mobile Communication

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

## The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

## Answer any five questions.

	a)	What do you mean by channel capacity in a cellular system? Describe	10
1		how do cell splitting and cell sectoring increase the channel capacity.	***
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	b)	What is handoff? Cite some practical handoff problems. What is an	2+5+3=
		"umbrella cell" approach?	10
	a)	Explain how does a microcell zone approach help in reducing the no. of	5
2		handoffs required when sectoring is employed?	
	b)	Describe the GSM system architecture and the various interfaces used in	8
		GSM. What are the variousGSM control channels.	
	c)	Describe the bluetooth protocol stack.	7
	a)	Write down the salient features of Bluetooth technology. What are the	2+6=8
3		various Bluetooth connection modes? Explain.	
	b)	The coverage area of a cellular system is 2000 sq. km with cell having a	6
		radius of 5 sq. km, and there are a total of 1000 radio channels available	
		for handling the traffic. Calculate the system capacity for 7-cell reuse. If	
		N=4, how many times the cluster has to be replicated to approximately	
		cover the entire area. Calculate the system capacity for the given case.	
	c)	Does decreasing the cluster size increase the system capacity? Explain.	2
	d)	Write down the important features of FDMA.	4
	a)	Explain the designing of an omnidirectional antenna system in the worst	9
4		case scenario of a cellular system.	
	b)	Explain how does frequency reuse distance, D influences co-channel	5
		interference? Draw a 4-cell reuse pattern.	
	c)	Explain the bluetooth frame format.	6

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	a)	State the channel characteristics of CDPD, ARDIS and RMD.	10
5	b)	Describe some important steps in the channel coding stage of OFDM.	6
	c)	For a 7-cell reuse system and 120 <sup>o</sup> sectoring, the no, of interferers in the	4
		first tier is reduced from 6 to 2. Find the improved SIR. Take path loss	
		exponent as 4.	
	a)	Discuss the basic principle behind OFDM? What important advantages	5
6		are provided by OFDM over conventional FDM.	
	b)	Explain the important stages of OFDM system with proper diagram.	8
	c)	Explain Nyquist criterion for zero ISI and raised cosine spectrum.	7
7		Write short notes on- i) WiMAX, ii) forward and reverse channels of	5 x 4=20
		IS-95, iii) functions of L2CAP, iv) Inter symbol interference in	
		wireless communication and its causes.	

