

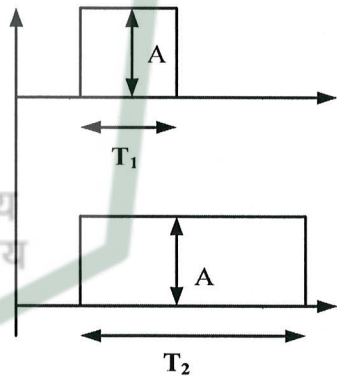
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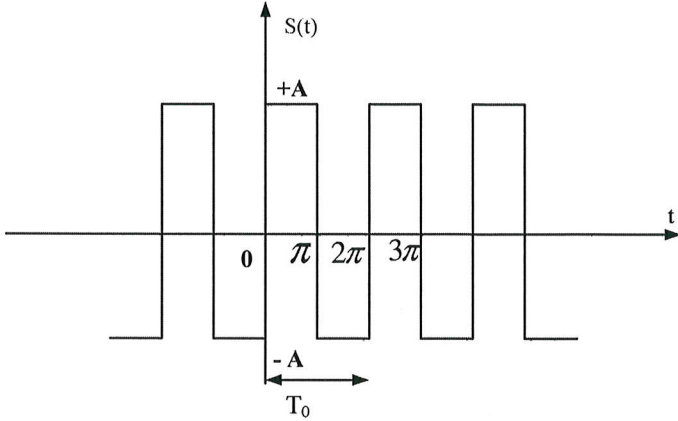
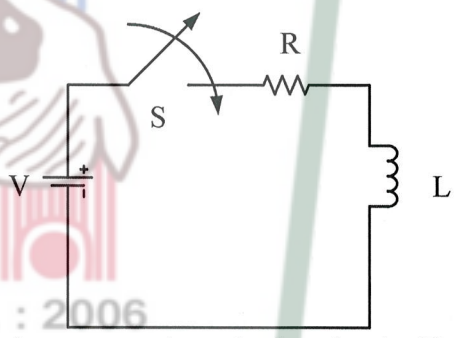
SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.**Answer any five questions.*

1.	a)	Show that (i) $x_e(t) = \frac{[x(t) + x(-t)]}{2}$ and (ii) $x_o(t) = \frac{[x(t) - x(-t)]}{2}$; where ' $x_e(t)$ ' and ' $x_o(t)$ ' are the even and the odd components of the signal ' $x(t)$ '.	5+5 = 10
	b)	Find whether the given signal is periodic or aperiodic. If it is periodic, calculate the fundamental frequency: $x(t) = \sin(10t + 1) - 2\cos(5t - 2)$	4+6
2.	a)	If the input applied to an LTI system with impulse response ' $h(t)$ ' is ' $x(t)$ ', deduce the output ' $y(t)$ ' from the LTI system.	5
	b)	Find the result of the convolution of two identical pulse of amplitude 'A'. What will be the result of two non-identical pulses shown in the figure? 	2+3 = 5
	c)	Prove that the power of the energy signal is zero. Prove that the energy of the power signal is infinite.	5+5 = 10
3.	a)	In the given figure, find the continuous-time Fourier series (CTFS) representation of ' $S(t)$ ':	8+2 = 10

	 <p>Hence, show that only the odd harmonics of the series exist.</p>	
	<p>b) Find the Fourier transform of a rectangular pulse $\Pi\left(\frac{t}{\tau}\right)$; where '$\tau$' is the pulse width of the pulse. Hence find the zero crossings of the spectrum of the rectangular pulse.</p>	6+4 = 10
4.	<p>a) In the RL circuit shown below, a unit step input voltage '$V = u(t)$' is applied with all initial conditions assumed to be zero.</p>  <p>Using Laplace transform, find the current through the circuit. Find the voltage across the resistance and the inductance. Hence plot the voltage across the resistance and the inductance.</p>	5+2+3 = 10
	<p>b) The circuit given below is initially in the steady state with the switch 'S' open. The switch is closed at $t = 0$.</p> <p>i) Find $V_C(t)$.</p> <p>ii) Determine the final value of '$V_C(t)$' and verify it from the final value of Laplace transform.</p>	7+3 = 10

5.	a)	Find the impulse response ' $h(t)$ ' of an ideal reconstruction filter. Hence find the output from a zero-order hold (ZoH) circuit.	5+10 = 15
	b)	Calculate the Nyquist rate (f_s) and the Nyquist interval (T_s) for the given signal: $x(t) = 1 + \cos(2000 \times \pi \times t) + \sin(4000 \times \pi \times t)$.	5
6.		Write short notes on <i>any two</i> from the following:	10+10 = 20
	a)	BIBO stability of LTI system.	
	b)	DC component of a signal using the polar form representation of the Fourier series.	
	c)	Ideal impulse sampling and Nyquist theorem	
	d)	Z-transform and RoC of $-a^n \times u(-n-1)$.	

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ESTD. : 2006

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