Total number of printed pages:

Programme(UG)/5<sup>th</sup> Semester/UCSE503

## 2022

#### FORMAL LANGUAGE AND AUTOMATA THEORY

#### Full Marks : 100

### Time : Three hours

# Okraina The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five questions.

Q1.

a) Construct DFA for the following where the  $\sum = \{x, y\}$ :

- i) All strings end with x followed by y.
- ii) All strings where there are three y.
- iii) All strings where the number of x and y are even respectively.
- iv) All strings where the number of x is odd but the number of y is even.
- b) Show that a language L where  $L = x^n$  and n > 3 is regular.

Q2.

a) Consider the following state transition table of a DFA and minimize it (if possible). In the following DFA q0 is the initial state and both q3 and q5 are final state.

	10	Input = a	Input = b
ALC AND	q0	q1	q3
	q1	q0	q3
CON .	q2	q1	q4
<b>U</b>	q3	q5	q5
	q4	q5	q5
	q5	q3	q3

b) Design a right and left linear grammar for the language L, where  $L=a^mb^n$  and m > 2 and n >3.

(10+10)

((3+3+4)+6)

Q3. Consider the following languages and prove whether they are regular or not

i)L=  $a^m b^n c^p$ , where p = m + n.

ii)L =  $a^m b^n c^p$  where m > n > p.

iii) $L = a^m$  where *m* is always a prime number.

iv)  $L = a^m$  where *m* is always an even number.

(5+5+5+5)

#### Q4.

a) Consider the following grammar and convert it into i) Chomsky Normal form and ii) Greibach Normal Form –

S-> aababA|a

 $A \rightarrow ABC \mid a$ 

 $B \rightarrow BC|b$ 

C->y

b) Consider the language  $L = a^n b^{3n} c^{2n}$ , n > 0. Do you think the language L is context-free? Justify.

((6+6)+8)

Q5. Design a context-free grammar for the language  $L = a^{3n}b^{2n}$ , n > 0. Construct a PDA that can accept L. Trace your PDA for the input string w, where w=aaaaaaaaabbbbbbb.

(3+12+5)

Q6. Construct a TM that can accept the language  $L = a^{4n}b^nc^{3n}$ , n>0. Clearly write your logic and trace with any string that belongs to L.

(10+5+5)

Q7. Write short notes on the followings –

- a) Recursive vs. Recursive Enumerable
- b) Halting problem of TM
- c) DFA vs NFA
- d) Mealy vs Moore Machine