Total number of printed pages = 11/

19/2nd Sem/UCH 201

KAL LIBA

2022

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Full Marks - 100

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Question No. 1 is mandatory.

Answer any four questions from the rest.

1. Choose the correct answer :

1×20=20

(a) Infrared spectroscopy is associated with

(i) Proton transition

(ii) Electronic transition

(iii) Molecular vibrations

(iv) Electron bombardment

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- (b) Alcoholic group is the example of
 - (i) Chromophore
 - (ii) Auxochrome
 - (iii) Relative abundance
 - (iv) None of the above

(c) Which of the following is not an important property of an ideal fuel ?

- (i) High viscosity
- (ii) High calorific value

(iii) Low cost

(iv) Moderate ignition temperature

(d) Choose the chemical species that can be used a nuclear fuel

(i) ²³³ U	(ii)	234U
(iii) ²³⁵ U	(iv)	²³⁶ U

- (e) Highest rank of coal is
 - (i) Peat (ii) Lignite
 - (iii) Anthracite (iv) Graphite

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		1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	
(f)	The unit of 2nd or	der reaction	on is
	(i) mol/dm ³	(ii) mol-	¹ dm ³ s ⁻¹
	(iii) S ⁻¹	(iv) Non	e of these
(g)	Formaldehyde is th	e monome	er of
	(i) Buna-n-rubber	(ii) Neo	prene
*	(iii) Bakelite	(iv) Non	e of these
(h)	Inversion of cane s	sugar is a	n example of
	(i) Pseudo-first or	ler reactio	n
	(ii) First order read	ction	
	(iii) Bimolecular rea	action	JARAL LIBO
	(iv) None of the al	oove	toe tap
(i)	Thiamine is present	in VIRALIE	
	(i) RNA	1 des	TE OF THE OF
	(ii) DNA		S CIECHO
	(iii) In both RNA	and DNA	
	(iv) None of the al	bove	
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(j) The monomer unit of natural rubber is

(i) isoprene

(ii) 1,3-butadiene

(iii) styrene

- (iv) None of the above
- (k) Find the correct inductive effect series
 - (i) $-CN > -SO_{3}H > -CHO > -CO$ (ii) $-SO_{3}H > -CN > -CHO > -CO$ (iii) $-CN > -SO_{3}H > -CO > -CHO$ (iv) $-CN > -CO > -CHO > -SO_{3}H$
- (1) The example of Lewis acid is

(i) NH ₃	(ii) AlCl ₃	
(iii) -OCH3	(iv) HCl	

- (m) An alkene compound propene-1 could be converted to 1-bromopropane in the presence of HBr through free radical reaction mechanism, the name of the reaction is
 - (i) Markovnikoff rule
 - (ii) Anti-Markovnikoff rule

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(iii) E2 reaction

(iv) Saytzeff rule

- (n) In S_{N^2} and E^2 reaction, there is no rate determining step. It is due to
 - (i) Slow reaction

(ii) Fast reaction

(iii) Formation of carbocation

(iv) Formation of carbanion

- (o) In Chichibabin reaction, the mechanism is
 - (i) an addition-elimination
 - (ii) elimination
 - (iii) S_{N2}
 - (iv) addition
- (p) Standard electrode potential of hydrogen electrode is

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(i) 100V	(ii)	10V
(iii) 1V	(iv)	0V

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- (q) Increasing metal ion concentration electrode potential
 - (i) increases
 - (ii) decreases
 - (iii) remains unchanged
 - (iv) depends on other factors
- (r) Which of the following statement is correct?
 - (i) In the cell expression oxidation electrode written in left and reduction electrode in right.
 - (ii) In the cell expression oxidation electrode written in right and reduction electrode in left.
 - (iii) In the cell expression oxidation and reduction electrode can be written randomly.
 - (iv) There is no rule on writing the cell expression.
- (s) For isothermal process
 - (i) $\Delta U = 0$ (ii) $\Delta H = 0$
 - (iii) $\Delta Q = 0$ (iv) $\Delta S = 0$

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(t)	When a system undergoes change at constant	
	volume, it is known as	

(i) Isothermal process

(ii) Sobaric process

(iii) Isochoric process

(iv) Adiabatic process.

- 2. (a) Define strong and weak electrolytes with examples. 2
 - (b) Write short note on any one :

(i) Standard hydrogen electrode

(ii) calomel electrode.

- (c) The standard reduction potential of Zn^{2+}/Zn electrode is -0.76V and standard reduction potential of $Cu^{2} + /Cu$ electrode is +0.34V. What is the standard potential of the cell $Zn / Zn^{2+} \parallel Cu^{2+}/Cu$? 3
- (d) What is the emf of the following cell? Zn / Zn²⁺ (0.1M) || Ni²⁺ (10M)/ Ni. [Given: Standard reduction potential of Zn and Ni electrodes are -0.76V and -0.25Vrespectively] 5
- (e) What are Carbon nanotubes? Describe their properties and applications. 2+4=6

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- 3. (a) What is internal energy and enthalpy of a system? For a particular system write down the mathematical relation between internal energy and enthalpy. 3
 - (b) Prove that for isothermal reversible process work done (W) = nRTln V_2/V_1 4
 - (c) Calculate the maximum work done when pressure on 10g of hydrogen is reduced from 20 atm to 1atm at a constant temperature of 273K. The gas behaves ideally. Calculate ΔU and ΔQ . 5
 - (d) The activation energy of a non-catalyzed reaction at 37°C is 83.68 kJmol⁻¹ and the activation energy of the same reaction catalyzed by an enzyme is 25.10 kJmol⁻¹. Calculate the ratio of the rate constants of the enzyme catalyzed and non-catalyzed reactions.
 - (e) Distinguish between thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics. Give examples. 4
- 4. (a) For a second order reaction show that : $t_{1/2} \alpha$ (1/k), where $t_{1/2}$ is the half-life period and k is the 2nd order rate constant. 5

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- (b) Draw the energy profile diagram for catalyzed, non-catalyzed reaction. Define activation energy.
- (c) Distinguish between RNA and DNA. 5
- (d) Write short notes on :
 - (i) Natural Rubber
 - (ii) Nylon 6,6.
- 5. (a) Arrange $n \rightarrow \sigma^*$, $n \rightarrow \pi^*$, $\sigma \rightarrow \sigma^*$ and $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$ transitions in decreasing order of energy.
 - (b) What are the various chemical shifts associated with UV-visible spectroscopy. 4
 - (c) Describe the instrumentation of a mass spectrometer with a diagram.
 - (d) Explain the ¹H NMR spectra of methanol and ethanol. 4
 - (e) What is crystal field splitting energy? Compare the magnetic properties of $[CoF_6]^{3-}$ and $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$ on the basis crystal field splitting energy. 1+6=7

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2.5 + 2.5 = 5

- 6. (a) Explain the stoichiometric combustion of propane with proper chemical equation. 4
- (b) Answer any *three* from the following questions : 2×3=6
 - (i) What are high and low temperature carbonization processes?
 - (ii) Define the proximate and ultimate analysis of coal.
 - (iii) Write note on Octane and Cetane number.
 - (iv) Write note on Aviation fuel.
 - (c) Give reaction mechanism for formation of o-aminotoluene from o and m-aminotoluene. 2+2=4
 - (d) Give a conversation with mechanism from haloalkane to alkene. 2
 - (e) Write the decomposition products of ketene and diazomethane? 2+2=4
- 7. (a) Give synthetic method for drug molecule such as Ibuprofen. 4
 - (b) What is Beckmann reaction? Give reaction mechanism from cyclohexanone to ε -caprolactum. 1+3=4

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- (c) Give reaction mechanism for formation of triene compound from tertiary amine. 4
- (d) Give examples of each electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions. 2+2=4
- (e) Write the following conversion with mechanism any one: $4 \times 1=4$
 - (i) α-Chlorocyclohexanone to cyclopentanoic acid
 - (ii) Acetaldehyde to crotonaldehyde
 - (iii) 2-Bromobutane to butene-1 and butene 2.



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