END SEMESTER/ RETEST EXAMINATION, 2020

(New Syllabus / Old Syllabus)

Semester: 3rd

Subject code: Sc 303

Subject: Mathematics-III

Full Marks: 70 (part A- 25 + Part B-45)

Duration: 3 hours

Questions on Part A are compulsory

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MARK-25			
Question no.	Questions	Marks	
Question 1	1(a) Degree of the equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 0 \text{ is} \$ 1(b) Order of the equation $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^4 + y^2 = x \$ 1(c) Solution of $xdx + ydy = 0$ is 1(d) Equations reducible to homogeneous form is 1(e) An ordinary differential equation of the 1 st order and 1 st degree may be expressed in the form	1x5=5	
Question 2	 2(a) What is the integrating factor of linear equation? 2(b) What is Bernoulli's Equations? 2(c) What is the general solution of y = px + p²? 2(d) What is Singular solution of equation y = px + p - p²? 2(e) What is the form of Clairaut's equation? 	1x5=5	
Question 3	Write true or false 3(a) The general differential equation of the form	1x5=5	

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	$P_0 \frac{d^n y}{dx^n} + P_1 \frac{d^{n-1} y}{dx^{n-1}} + P_2 \frac{d^{n-2} y}{dx^{n-2}} + \dots + P_n y = X^n$	
	3(b) Sol Solution of $(D^2 + 4D + 4)y = 0$ is $y = Ae^x + Be^{-x}$	
	3(c) Complementary function of $(D^2 - 5D + 6)y = e^x \sin x$ is $Ae^{2x} + Be^{3x}$	
	3(d) Formula for Median is $l + \frac{N}{4} - F \times i$	
	3(e) Formula for Standard Deviation is $\sqrt{\frac{\sum fd^2}{N} + \left(\frac{\sum fd}{N}\right)^2}$	
Question	Find True or False	1x5=5
4	4(a) Median of 32, 28, 31, 53, 20, 33, 38, 56, 43, 40 is 33.	
	4(b) Coefficient of Quartile Deviation is $\frac{Q_3 - Q_1}{Q_3 + Q_1}$	
	4(c) A bag contains 7 red and 8 black balls, the probability of drawing a red ball is $\frac{7}{15}$	
	4(d) If two dice are thrown together, the required probability of getting a total	
	of 7 is $\frac{1}{6}$	
	A(a) If E and E are independent exerts then	
	4(e) If E_1 and E_2 are independent events then	
	$P(E_1 E_2) = P(E_2) P\left(\frac{E_1}{E_2}\right)$	
Question 5	Choose the correct answer:	
3	(1 0 2)	
	5(a) Adjoin of 2 1 0 is	
	$ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} $ is	
	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$	1.5.5
	(i) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 & -2 \\ -2 & -5 & 4 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ (ii) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	1x5=5
	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	
	(iii) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & -2 \\ -2 & 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ (iv) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	1 100
	5(b) 2 nd order identity matrix is	
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	$(i)\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (ii)\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (iii)\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (iv)\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	
- I	5(c) Characteristic roots of $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ are (i)1, 3, -2 (ii) 1, 1, 5 (iii) 1, 2, -3 (iv) -3, 2, -2	e.
	5(d) (4,0) is a solution of (i)2x-y<1 (ii)x+y \geq 6 (iii)x+y \geq 4 (iv)x+y>4	
2 0	5(e) (1,6) is a solution of (i)x-y<1 (ii)2x-3y \ge 6 (iii)x+y \ge 8 (iv)3x+y>9	

(Part B)
Answer any five questions

Question no.	Questions	marks
QUESTI ON 6		3+3+3=9
6a	Evaluate $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$ where $z = x^2 + y^2$	
6b	If $u = \frac{y}{z} + \frac{z}{x} + \frac{x}{y}$ prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$,	
6c	Form differential equation: $y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{3x}$	
Question no.7	Solve:	3+3+3=9
7a	$(1+x^2)dy - xydx = 0$	
7b	$(x-2e^{y})dy+(y-x\sin x)dx=0$	
7c	$y = -px + x^4 p^2$	1
Question no. 8		3+3+3=9
8a	Solve: $y = x \frac{dy}{dx} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 - 1}$	
8b	Solve: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 9y = e^{-3x}$	

8c	Solve: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y+1}{2x+2y-3}$	
THE STATE OF THE S	dx 2x + 2y - 3	
Question 9		3+3+3=9
9a	A resistance of 100 ohms, an inductance of 0.5 henry are connected in series with a battery of 20 Volts. Find the current in the circuit as a function of time.	
9b	Find the Mean deviation from Median from the following data 90, 100, 125, 115, 110.	
9c	Find the Mode of the following frequency distributions:	
	Class interval: 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 Frequency: 7 8 20 10 5	
Question 10		3+3+3=9
10a	Find the Standard Deviation (SD) of the following data	
	Class: 0-6 6-12 12-18 18-24 24-30	
	Frequency: 8 10 12 9 5	<u> </u>
10b	(i) Ten students got the following percentage of marks in Physics and	
	Mathematics:	
	Phy : 72 42 99 32 76 85 90 60 67 43	
	Maths: 82 50 91 54 68 60 80 55 53 47	
	Calculate the coefficient of correlation.	
	(ii) From a pack of cards two cards are drawn at random. Find the probability that they are red cards.	
Question 11		3+3+3=9
11a	(i) Draw the graph of $y = Sinx$, $-\pi \le x \le \pi$	
	(ii) Solve graphically: $Sin2x = Cosx$, $0 \le x \le 90^{\circ}$	
11b	(1 2 2)	1
	Show that $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ satisfies the matrix equation	
<u> </u>	$A^2 - 4A - 5I = 0$.	1
Question 12	(i) Solve the Simultaneous linear equation	5+4=9
12	x + y + z = 6	
	x + 2y + 3z = 10	
	x + 2y + 4z = 1	
	(ii) Maximise $z = -3x + 4y$	
	$x+2y\leq 8$,	
	Subjected to $3x + 2y \le 12$,	
	$x \ge 0, y \ge 0$	



