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53 (MA 401) NMCP

2012 C

2013

(May)

**NUMERICAL METHODS AND
COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

Paper : MA 401

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 30

Time : Three hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.*

Answer any five questions.

1. (a) What do you mean by relative error ? Find the absolute error and the relative error if the number $X = 0.004997$ is rounded off to three decimal digits. 5

(b) The area A of a circle of diameter ' d ' is given by the following values : 5

d : 80 85 90 95 100

A : 5026 5674 6362 7088 7854

Find the approximate value for the area of circle of diameter 82.

Contd.

- (c) A slider in machine moves along a fixed straight rod. Its distance x cm along the rod is given below for various values of the time t seconds. Find the velocity of the slider and its acceleration when $t = 0.3$ seconds 10

t :	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6
x :	30.13	31.62	32.87	33.64	33.95	33.81	33.24

2. (a) Write the algorithm of Lagrange's interpolation formula. 5

- (b) Compute the value of $\int_{0.2}^{1.4} (\sin x - \log x + e^x) dx$ using Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ th rule by taking seven ordinates. 5

- (c) The pressure and the volume of a gas are related by the equation $PV^\gamma = K$; γ and K being constants. Fit the equation to the following set of observations: 10

P (kg/cm^2) :	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0
V (litres) :	1.62	1.00	0.75	0.62	0.52	0.46

3. (a) Write the geometrical interpretation of Newton-Raphson's method. 5

(b) Using Lagrange's formula find the form of the function given by 5

$$x : 3 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad -1$$

$$f(x) : 3 \quad 12 \quad 15 \quad -21$$

(c) Solve the following equations by Gauss-Seidal iteration method to correct four decimal places, $7x_1 + 52x_2 + 13x_3 = 104$; $83x_1 + 11x_2 - 4x_3 = 95$; $3x_1 + 8x_2 + 29x_3 = 71$ 10

4. (a) Using Regula-Falsi method, find the real root of $e^x = 4\sin x$ correct to three decimal places. 5

(b) Given,

$$x : 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 8$$

$$f(x) : 1 \quad 8 \quad 27 \quad 64 \quad 125 \quad 216 \quad 343 \quad 512$$

Find $f(7.5)$. 5

(c) Using Runge-Kutta method of fourth order, solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy + y^2$ with $y(0) = 1$ at $x = 0.1, 0.2, 0.3$ 10

5. (a) Using Bisection method, find the root of the equation $\cos x = xe^x$ correct to three decimal places. 6

(b) By means of Newton's divided difference formula find the value of $f(8)$ from the following table : 5

x	: 4	5	7	10	11	13
$f(x)$: 48	100	294	900	1210	2028

(c) Using Milne's method, find $y(2)$ if $y(x)$ is the solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}(x+y)$ given that $y(0) = 2$, $y(0.5) = 2.636$, $y(1) = 3.595$, $y(1.5) = 4.968$ 9

6. (a) Using Gauss elimination method, solve the equations : 6

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 = -2$$

$$2x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 = 3$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + x_3 = 6$$

(b) Using three point Gaussian quadrature formula evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x}$. 5

- (c) Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} - xy = 0$;
 $y(0) = 1$ from $x = 0$ to $x = 0.25$ using
Euler's method. 9

7. (a) Fit a second degree Parabola to the following
data : 8

$x =$	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0
$y =$	1.1	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.7	3.4	4.1

- (b) Write an algorithm to implement Euler's
Improve method. Using Euler's Improve
method, find y at $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$ given

that $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - \frac{2x}{y}$, $y(0) = 1$. 4+8=12