## strings where the second last sym **2102**n the start is 'a'.

## anoilstimi THEORY OF COMPUTATION

Paper: IT 503

nousoniessio vole Full Marks: 100 noc

Time: Three hours

## The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five questions out of seven.

1. (a) Define the following with example.

 $3 \times 2$ 

- (i) Alphabet Joviennos 10
- (ii) String
- (iii) Language
- (b) Draw the DFA for the following languages 5+5
- (i) Languages over the alphabet  $\sum = \{0,1\}$  that have the set of all strings that either begins or ends or both with '0'.

- (ii) Languages over the alphabet  $\sum = \{a, b\}$  that have the set of all strings where the second last symbol from the start is 'a'.
- (c) Discuss the properties and limitations of Finite State Machines.
- 2. (a) Define in detail Chomsky classification of grammar and also define Chomsky hierarchy. 3+4
  - (b) What is pumping lemma? Using pumping lemma for the language  $L = \{a^n b^m \mid n \ll m\} \text{ is not regular.}$

3+5

- (c) When a language is said to be recursive or recursively enumerable?
- 3. (a) Consider the following grammar 9  $S \rightarrow bA \mid aB$   $A \rightarrow bAA \mid aS \mid a$

 $B \rightarrow aBB \mid bSb$ 

Find left-most derivation and right-most derivation and parse tree for the string 'baaabbabba'.

(b) Write the CFG for the language

 $L = \left\{ 0^{n} 1^{n} \mid n \ge 1 \right\}_{n, m} \int_{0}^{\infty} d^{n} d^{n}$ 

- (c) Construct a DFA for the regular expression  $aa^* \mid bb^*$ .
- 4. (a) Explain the Ambiguity of a grammar. Show that id + id \* id can be generated by two distinct left-most derivation in the grammar

 $E \rightarrow E + E \mid E * E \mid (E) \mid id$  3+6

(b) Obtain Greiback normal form equivalent to the following context free grammar 8

write down its dilfAA  $0 \leftarrow 2$  om context-

 $A \rightarrow 1 \mid SS$ 

- (c) Define right-linear and left-linear grammar.
- 5. (a) Define Deterministic Pushdown Automata (DPDA). Is it true that DPDA and PDA are equivalent in the sense of language acceptance in concern?

3+4

$$L = \{a^n b^{2m} \mid m, n > 1\}$$

(c) Convert the following NFA into DFA, where  $\delta$  is given as

equivalent to the following context free

- 6. (a) Define context-free grammar (CFG) and write down its differences from context-sensitive grammar (CSG). What are the disadvantages of CFG in compared to CSG?
  - (b) Remove ε-transitions from the following grammar. 6

$$S \rightarrow a \text{SbS} |bSaS| \epsilon_{\text{SGG}}$$

and PDA are equive 
$$BaB | aaB \rightarrow S$$
 has of language acceptance in concern.

$$A \rightarrow a \mid Aa$$

$$B \rightarrow b$$

(c) Let  $\sum = \{a, b\}$ , give the regular expression for the following languages: 4+4

(i) 
$$L = \{ W \mid |W| \le 4, W \in \Sigma^* \}$$

(ii) 
$$L = \{a^{2n}b^{2m+1} \mid n >= 0, m >= 0\}$$

- 7. (a) Define Turing Machine (TM).

  Differentiate the deterministic and nondeterministic Turing Machine. 2+4
  - (b) Construct a Turing Machine for the language L 8

$$L = \left\{ WcW^R \mid W \in \{0, 1\} \right\}$$

(c) Give the regular expression accepted the following DFA. 6

