

Total number of printed pages-4

53 (FPT 603) BCBT

2014

## BIOCHEMISTRY & BIOTECHNOLOGY

Paper : FPT 603

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 30

Time : Three hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions.*

*Answer any five from the seven questions.*

- (a) Define Biomolecules. What type of molecules do Biochemists study ? What is Biochemistry used for ? 1+3+2
- (b) What are acidic and basic amino acids ? Why amino acids are described as amphoteric molecules ? 3+2
- (c) What are the *two* events that occur in reaction three of citric acid cycle ? 3
- (d) Explain how enzymes are affected by *pH* ? 3

Contd.

- (e) Explain amino acid pool. 3
2. (a) Explain the following terms : 2×5
- (i) Keto acid
  - (ii) GTP
  - (iii) Redox reactions
  - (iv) Oxidases
  - (v) Growth regulators.
- (b) Differentiate between active site and Allosteric site. Explain the effect of substrate concentration on the velocity of enzymatic reaction. 1+3
- (c) Why some amino acids are termed as Essential amino acids ? Give *two* examples of Essential amino acid. 2+2
- (d) What is Ionic and hydrophobic bond ? 2
3. (a) Which part of the plant is used for culturing ? What is the basic technique in plant tissue culture ? 1+3
- (b) What are Enzyme kinetics ? Prove that enzymes only change reaction rates but have no effect on  $k_{eq}$ . 2+5

- (c) What is macro peptide ? Explain the secondary structure of protein. 1+6
- (d) Differentiate between ATP and ADP. 2
4. (a) Define cell-totipotency. Distinguish between callus and suspension culture. 1+3
- (b) Explain oxidative phosphorylation with a suitable diagram. 5
- (c) Differentiate between : 3×3
- (i) Competitive and non-competitive inhibitors.
- (ii) Sugar and non-sugar.
- (iii) Primary and tertiary structure.
- (d) What is Absolute specificity ? Give examples. 2
5. (a) Explain the oxidative reactions of pentose phosphate pathway. 6
- (b) Which is the most commonly used culture medium for plant cells and what are the various applications of plant tissue culture ? 1+4
- (c) Explain in brief the non-protein component of enzyme. 4

- (d) What is protein turnover ? 2
- (e) What is stereoisomerism ? Draw the structure of D and L-amino acid. 3
6. (a) What is Genetic engineering ? What are the various applications of genetic engineering ? 3+4
- (b) What is Glycolysis ? Discuss the different events that take place in the formation of pyruvic acid from glucose. 2+6
- (c) What is Induced-Fit hypothesis ? 3
- (d) Show the formation of peptide bond. 2
7. (a) Write short notes on : 4×4
- (i) ETC
- (ii) Group specificity
- (iii) Gluconeogenesis
- (iv) Protein metabolism.
- (b) What kind of reaction does the transferases and hydrolases enzymes catalyse ? 3
- (c) What is N-equilibrium ? 1