Total No. of printed pages = 8

END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - 2021

Semester : 5th (New Syllabus / Old syllabus)

Subject Code : FPT-501

INTRODUCTION TO FOOD MICROBIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

Full Marks -70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Instructions:

- 1. All questions of PART A are compulsory.
- 2. Answer any nine questions from PART B.

PART - A

Marks - 25

Answer the following questions as directed :

1×25=25

• Fill in the blanks :

1. The term "pasteurization" is to honour —, the pioneering figure in food microbiology.

[Turn over

- Choose the correct answers :
- 2. Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria differ in the structure of
 - (i) plasma membrane (ii) nucleoid

(iii) cell wall (iv) DNA

3. What are the outer-most protein layers in a fungal cell wall ?

(i) Nanoprotein (ii) Mannoprotein

(iii) Cyanoprotein (iv) None of these

- 4. Which of the following is a common food fermenting yeast?
 - (i) Saccharomyces cerevisiae

(ii) Kluyveromyces fragilis

(iii) Aspergillus oryzae

- (iv) All of these
- 5. In which of the following bacterial growth phases, rate of cells death is equal to the rate of cell growth ?

(i) Lag phase (ii) Log phase

(iii) Stationary phase (i

(iv) Death phase

23/FPT-501/IFM,B&B (N/O) (2)

	Which of the following is used by bacterial cell for locomotion?			
	(i) Pseudopodia	(ii) Flagella		
	(iii) Pili	(iv) Tail fibre		
	Which one of the following is used to create a sterile zone in the laboratory?			
	(i) Platinum loop	(ii) Cotton		
	(iii) Ethanol	(iv) Flame		
	Which one of the following commonly used to heat sterilize culture media?			
	(i) Oven	(ii) Burner		
	(iii) Filtration	(iv) Retort		
9.	Aseptate fungal hyphae is also called			
	(i) coenocytic	(ii) eukaryotic		
	(iii) prokaryotic	(iv) None of these		
10.	Mitochondria in an eu	karyotic cell is also called		
	(i) storage house.	(ii) power house		
	(iii) energy house	(iv) All of these		
23/	PT-501/IFM,B&B (N/O)	(3) [Turn over		

Which of the following transcription?	RNAs take part in
(i) rRNA	(ii) tRNA
(iii) mRNA	(iv) uRNA
What is the site for p microbial cell ? (i) Genome	rotein synthesis in a
(ii) Vacuole(iii) Plasma membrane(iv) Ribosome	* Lucarizi () and a state
. Which of the following fermentation ?	is not a product of
(i) Oxygen	(ii) CO2
(iii) Lactate	(iv) Ethanol
A set of chemical reaction a series of pathways is o	
(i) Anabolism	(ii) Metabolism
(iii) Catabolism	(iv) None of these
	 transcription ? (i) rRNA (iii) mRNA What is the site for princrobial cell ? (i) Genome (ii) Vacuole (iii) Plasma membrane (iv) Ribosome Which of the following fermentation ? (i) Oxygen (iii) Lactate A set of chemical reaction a series of pathways is of a series of

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23/FPT-501/IFM,B&B (N/O) (4)

	ch of the following is enicillin fermentation		tained
-(i)	4	(ii) 8	
(iii)	6.5	(iv) More than 9)
	at are the different su duction?	bstrates used for e	thanol
(i)	Juices from sugarca	ne or molasses or	sugar
(ii)	Starch containing su	bstrate	
(iii)) Waste product from	wood or processed	lwood
(iv)	All of the above	annon ann an 1841. Stàitean	
	tich of the following menter ?	is used for aeration	on in a
(i)	Impeller	(ii) Baffles	
(iii) Sparger	(iv) None of	these
	ter the fermentation vered by		is re-
(i)	Centrifugation	(ii) Distillation	n
(iii) Filtration	(iv) None of	these
23/FPT-	501/IFM,B&B (N/O)	(5)	urn over

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19.	Sauerkraut is	
÷	(i) a cauliflower	(ii) a potato
	(iii) a cabbage	(iv) a tomato
20.	Which of the followin of milk?	ng is produced by fermentation
	(i) Sauerkraut	(ii) Yogurt
	(iii) Tempeh	(iv) Kombucha
21.	. Which of the follow	wing is correct?
	(i) Apoenzyme +	Co-factor = Holoenzyme
	(ii) Apoenzyme -	Co-factor = Holoenzyme
	(iii) Apoenzyme =	Co-factor – Holoenzyme
	(iv) None of the at	oove
22	. What is the name o yeast converts suga	f metabolic process by which r to ethanol?

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(i) Flavouring (iii) Hybridization

(ii) Fermentation

(iv) None of these

23/FPT-501/IFM,B&B (N/O) (6) Fill in the blanks :

23. All enzymes are proteins but all proteins are not

24. Penicillin is produced by the fungus ------

25. Non-protein organic part of the enzyme is

(i) Co-factor

(ii) Apoenzyme

(iii) Coenzyme

(iv) Isoenzyme

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PART – B

Marks - 45

- What are the nucleotides present in DNA and RNA? What are the complementary nucleotides? 4+1=5
- 2. Draw a schematic diagram of a bacteriophage, and label capsid, tail sheath, collar, tail fibre and base plate. 5
- 3. Demonstrate fungal hyphae and fungal mycelium using a simple schematic diagram. What is generation time?

23/FPT-501/IFM,B&B (N/O) (7)

[Turn over

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4.	What are plasmids ? What are the major function	
Jon	of plasmids ? Give an example. $2+2+1=5$	
5.	Briefly describe the role of FtsZ protein in binary	
	fission of eukaryotic cells. 5	
6.	Define Biocatalyst. Explain the ES complex.	
	2+3=5	
7.	Explain in brief the process of ethanol production	
	from sugar. 5	
8.	What is SCP? What are the important criteria for selection of microbial strain in SCP production? 2+3=5	
9.	What is immobilized enzymes? Write its	
	advantages. 2+3=5	
10.	Draw and label the flow chart for the production	
6.200	of enzymes by microorganisms. 5	
11.	What is fermentation ? Give examples of fermented	
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