## Et-605/MCS/6th Sem/2015/N

## MODEM COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

Full Marks - 70

Pass Marks – 28

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Question No.1 is compulsory and answer any four from the rest.

1. Answer any seven questions.

 $7 \times 2 = 14$ 

- (a) What is Shanon-Hartley theorem?
- (b) Why uplink frequency is greater than downlink frequency?
- (c) What are various operating modes of a general modem?
  - (d) Mention transmission losses in a satellite communication system.

Turn over

- (e) What is lossy compression? Mention examples of such compression schemes.
- (f) What do you mean by Message switching?
- (g) How cell spliting is advantageous?
- (h) What do you mean by orbit spaning?
- (i) What is the function of transponder in a satellite communication?
- Describe the construction of a satellite with neat diagram and mention functionalities of each component.
- 3. (a) Draw the diagram of GSM architecture.

  Describe the functionality of each block.
  - (b) What do you mean by frequency recese?

    What are its implications in a mobile communication system?

    4
- 4. How packet switching network is different from the circuit switching network? Mention the types of packet switching and discuss each type with proper diagram. 2+2+10=14

- 5. What is the use of modem in digital data transmission? Describe the types of modems and describe the features of ITU-BT V.34 modem standard.

  2+4+8=14
- 6. Write short notes on any two of the following:
  - (a) Modem standard V.42
  - (b) Circuit switching
  - (c) Dynamic channel allocation
  - (d) Public key encryption.

 $7 \times 2 = 14$ 

7. Describe the architecture of ISDN. Mention the signalling system and briefly explain protocols of broad-band ISDN.

4+4+6=14