

Total No. of printed pages = 5

Et-502/Micro/3rd Sem/2018/M

## MICROPROCESSOR

Full Marks - 70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer Q. No. 1 and any *three* from the remaining questions.

1. Fill in the blanks for the microprocessor INTEL 8085 : 1×25=25

- (a) It is a \_\_\_\_\_ pin IC.
- (b) The package of this IC is \_\_\_\_\_ .
- (c) Its operating voltage is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (d) Its operating frequency is 3.14 \_\_\_\_\_.
- (e) It is \_\_\_\_\_ bit microprocessor.

[Turn over

- (f) It has \_\_\_\_\_ numbers of basic instructions.
- (g) It has \_\_\_\_\_ bit data bus.
- (h) It can access \_\_\_\_\_ memory locations.
- (i) The full meaning of ALE is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (j) Multiplexing of data bus with \_\_\_\_\_ is done to make the address bus 16 bit wide.
- (k) During multiplexing of data bus, \_\_\_\_\_ signal is used.
- (l) It has one 8 bit accumulator which is also known as register \_\_\_\_\_.
- (m) Apart from accumulator, it has \_\_\_\_\_ numbers of general purpose registers.
- (n) All the general purpose registers are \_\_\_\_\_ bit wide.
- (o) It has a special purpose register SP, the full form of which is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (p) It has another special purpose register PC, the full form of which is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (q) PC holds the \_\_\_\_\_ of the next instruction to be fetched.
- (r) It has \_\_\_\_\_ numbers of flags.
- (s) When a flag is set, it holds \_\_\_\_\_.
- (t) When a flag is reset, it holds \_\_\_\_\_.
- (u) When 8085 send an address for memory, the control signal is set to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (v) During memory read operation, the control signal is set to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (w) During memory write operation, the control signal is set to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (x) The full form of DMA is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (y) The full form of PPI is \_\_\_\_\_.
2. (a) Draw the block diagram of INTEL 8085 and describe its various components. 8
- (b) Describe the function of all the status flag of 8085. 7

3. (a) With the help of appropriate diagram, describe how the data bus is multiplexed. 8

Or

Demultiplexed with the address bus by using 74LS343 latch.

- (b) Draw the timing diagram of opcode fetch cycle of INTEL 8085. 7

4. (a) What do you mean by DMA ? What are the different DMA data transfer schemes ? Describe. 8

- (b) Draw block diagram of INTEL 8255 and describe its different mode of operations. 7

5. (a) Write the meaning of the following opcodes : 8

(i) MVI

(ii) LDA

(iii) XCHG

(iv) SBI

(v) INX

(vi) ANA

(vii) CPI

(viii) SIM

- (b) Write assembly language program to add 10 numbers already stored in memory locations starting from 2000H to 2009H. Store the result in memory location 200AH. 7

6. (a) What do you mean by interrupt ? Describe INTEL 8259 with block diagram. 8
- (b) What do you mean by IO mapped IO and memory mapped IO ? Explain. 7
7. Write short notes on any two :  $7\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 15$
- (a) Classification of Instructions of INTEL 8085
- (b) Control word of INTEL 8255
- (c) AD / DA converter