

Total No. of printed pages = 6

Et-502/Micro/5th Sem/2017/N

MICROPROCESSORS

Full Marks – 70

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

FIRST PART

Marks – 25

Multiple choice questions.

1. ALE stands for

1

- (a) address latch enable
- (b) accumulator latch enter
- (c) address latch enter
- (d) accumulator latch enable

[Turn over

2. The instruction MVI A, 20 in 8085 means 1
- (a) contents of memory location 20 are brought into the accumulator
 - (b) the value 20 is brought into accumulator
 - (c) Either (a) or (b) above
 - (d) Neither (a) or (b) above
3. The number of interrupt lines in 8085 is 1
- (a) 2 (b) 3
 - (c) 4 (d) 5
4. The five flags in 8085 are designated as 1
- (a) Z, CY, S, P and AC
 - (b) D, Z, S, P, AC
 - (c) Z, C, S, P, AC
 - (d) Z, CY, S, D, AC
5. In 8085 the pins for +5V input and ground are 1
- (a) 20 and 40 respectively
 - (b) 40 and 20 respectively

- (c) 1 and 2 respectively
 - (d) 2 and 1 respectively
6. What is the address space size of 8085 ? 1
7. In 8085 which instructions are useful for writing and using subroutines ? 1
8. What is the total number of pins in 8085 ? 1
9. What is the bit size of the stack pointer (SP) of 8085 ? 1
10. Name one 8 bit register of 8085. 1
11. Fill in the blanks with suitable words : $1 \times 5 = 5$
- (a) _____ bus is bidirectional.
 - (b) In 8085, carry flag is _____ when an arithmetic operation results in carry.
 - (c) In 8085 accumulator has _____ bits.
 - (d) The fetch cycle has _____ machine cycle.
 - (e) In 8085 read and write control signals are active _____.

12. Indicate whether the following statements are true or false ? $1 \times 5 = 5$

- (a) System bus is the communication channel between microprocessor and peripherals.
 - (b) The sign (S) flag is set when the contents of accumulator become negative during an operation.
 - (c) In 8085, F register has 8 bits.
 - (d) One T state is precisely equal to one clock period.
 - (e) In 8085 eight addresses and data buses are multiplexed.
13. How many memory locations can be addressed by a microprocessor with 14 address lines ? 1
14. How many bytes make a word of 32 bits ? 1
15. Which 8085 instruction complements the content of the accumulator ? 1
16. Which port of the 8285 PPI can be used as two-bit ports ? 1
17. How many T states does an opcode fetch cycle takes ? 1

SECOND PART

Marks – 45

1. Arrange the following according to priority : 2
RST 7.5, RST 6.5, RST 5.5, INTR, TRAP
2. Define word, instruction. 2
3. Why are subroutines used in programs ? 2
4. Define instruction cycle, machine cycle and T-states. $2+2+2=6$
5. Define opcode and operand. $2+2=4$
6. Write the meaning of the following 8085 instructions : $1 \times 4 = 4$
JMP 8023 H, LXI 2025H, INR C, STA 7025H
7. What is DMA controller ? 2
8. What is the role of the program counter in executing instructions ? 2
9. (a) Write an assembly language program to add two 8-bit numbers ? 4
(b) Write an assembly language program to complement a number stored in memory location 3000H. Store the result in memory location 3001H. 4

10. Draw the timing diagram of memory read operation of 8085. 4
11. What is the function of a Programmable Interrupt Controller? 3
12. Draw the 8085 bus structure. 3
13. Make a control word when the port of Intel 8255 are defined as follows : 3

Port A as input port

Mode of Port A – Mode 0

Port B as output port

Mode of Port B – Mode 0

Port C_{upper} as an input port

Port C_{lower} as an output port.