

Total No. of printed pages = 6

RETEST EXAMINATION - 2019

Semester : 4th (Old)

Subject Code : Et-405

ANALOG ELECTRONIC - II

Full Marks - 70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions.

Instructions :

1. *All* questions of PART - A are compulsory.
2. Answer any *five* questions from PART - B.

PART - A

Marks - 25

1. Fill in the blanks : 1×10=10
 - (a) The depletion region of a JFET _____ with increase in gate reverse bias.
 - (b) A relay is an _____ type switch.

[Turn over

- (c) The output voltage of a 7805 IC voltage regulator is _____ volts.
- (d) The UJT possess _____ resistance characteristic.
- (e) Monostable multivibrator is also called _____.
- (f) A bistable multivibrator has _____ states.
- (g) Input impedance of an ideal OP-Amp is _____.
- (h) A _____ cannot be fabricated on an IC.
- (i) Input impedance of an FET _____ than BJT
- (j) The full form of CMRR is _____.
2. Write the true or false : $1 \times 10 = 10$
- (a) JFET is an unipolar device.
- (b) Input impedance of JFET is less than MOSFET.
- (c) Transistors used in multivibrator, operate either in saturation or in cut off region.
- (d) A astable multivibrator always generate square wave.



- (e) Op-Amp can not be used as an Integrator.
- (f) Clamping circuit can be used to remove certain portion of a input waveform.
- (g) UJT has negative resistance region.
- (h) In ideal Op-Amp. the output impedance is infinity.
- (i) Astable multivibrator has two stable states.
- (j) Zener diode can be used as voltage regulator.
3. Choose the correct answer : $1 \times 5 = 5$
- (i) A BJT contains
- (a) Four p-n junction
- (b) Three p-n junction
- (c) Two p-n junction
- (d) One p-n junction
- (ii) A circuit that generates squar. wave is called
- (a) An oscillator
- (b) A differentiator
- (c) A multivibrator
- (d) Amplifier

(iii) A relay is basically a

- (a) mechanical switch
- (b) electro mechanical switch
- (c) electronic switch
- (d) tumbler switch

(iv) The negative feedback in an amplifier

- (a) Reduces the voltage gain
- (b) Increase the voltage gain
- (c) Does not affect the voltage gain

(v) A UJT has $R_{BB} = 10\text{ K}\Omega$ and $R_{B2} = 4\text{ K}\Omega$ its intrinsic stand-off ratio is

- (a) 0.6
- (b) 0.4
- (c) 2.5
- (d) 5/3.

PART - B

Marks - 45

4. Name different types of switches. What are the advantages of electronic switches? Explain how transistor can be used as a switch. 1+3+5=9

303/Et-405/AE-II(O)

(4)

400(W)

5. Classify Field Effect Transistor and compare its merits and demerits with BJT. Also draw the symbol of N-channel JFET, E-only MOSFET and DE-MOSFET. 2+4+3=9

6. (a) What is UJT? Draw its emitter characteristic curve. 1+2=3

(b) Explain with a proper diagram UJT as relaxation oscillator. 6

7. (a) What is multivibrator? Name different types of multivibrator and differentiate. 3

(b) Explain with a circuit diagram the working of a Astable multivibrator. 6

8. What is clipping circuit? Draw and explain the different types of clipping circuits. 1+8=9

9. (a) What are the ideal characteristics of operational amplifier? 3

(b) Explain with a circuit diagram the Op-Amp as 3+3=6

(i) Adder

(ii) Subtractor.

303/Et-405/AE-II(O)

(5)

Turn over

10. Write short notes on *any two* : $4\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 9$

- (a) CMRR.
- (b) Sweep Generator.
- (c) DC voltage regulator.
- (d) Differential Amplifier.
- (e) Clamping Circuits.

