END SEMESTER/RETEST EXAMINATION, 2020 SUBJECT: Data Communication and Networking

ET-602

Full Marks – 70 Time – Three Hours Semester: 6th

Questions on part A are compulsory Answer any three questions from part-B

> PART – A MARK-25

1. Choose the correct answer:

1x10 = 10

- (i) Working of the WAN generally involves -
- (a) Satellite
- (b) Telephone Lines
- (c) Microwaves
- (d) All of the above
- (ii) Which of the following is used for modulation and demodulation?
- (a)Modem
- (b)Protocols
- (c)Gateway
- (d)Multiplexer
- (iii) What is the other name of a LAN card?
- (a)Modem
- (b) NIC
- (c) Network Connector
- (d) Internet Card
- (iv) In File Transfer Protocol, data transfer can be done in -
- (a)Stream Mode
- (b)Block Mode
- (c)Compressed Mode
- (d)All of the above
- (v) In FTP protocol, Client contacts Server using _____ transport protocol
- (a)Datagram Congestion Control Protocol
- (b)Transmission Control Protocol
- (c)User Datagram Protocol
- (d)Stream control Transmission Protocol
- (vi) Which of the following is not applicable for IP?
- (a)Error Reporting
- (b) Handle Addressing Conventions
- (c) Datagram Format
- (d) Packet Handling Conventions
- (vii) What does the acronym ISDN stands for -



(a)Indian Standard Digital Network (b) Integrated Services Digital Network	
(b) Integrated Services Digital Network (c) Intelligent Services Digital Network	
(d) Integrated Services Data Network	
(viii) What is the minimum number of wires required for sending data over a Serial Communication Li	nks?
(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 4 (d) 3 (ix) What is the name of the Network Topology in which there are Bi-Directional links between	oach
possible nodes?	cacii
(a)Ring Topology (b) Star Topology (c) Tree Topology (d) Mesh Topology	
(x) The Communication mode that supports data in both directions –	
(a) Simplex Mode (b) Half Duplex Mode	
(c) Full Duplex Mode 2. Fill up the blanks: 1x8=8	3
(a)A communication network which is used by large organisations over Regional, National or Global Area is called	
(b) OSI Layer handles logical address to logical name resolution.	
(c) operates in the Data Link and the Network Layer.	
(d) In OSI Network Architecture, the routing is performed by layer.	
(e) Frames from one LAN can be transmitted to another LAN via	
(f) A computer network permits sharing of	
(g) ATM stands for	
(h) The is the Physical path over which a message travels.	
3. State True or False:	7
(a) Layer one of OSI model is Network Layer.	
(b) WAN stands for Wide Area Network.	
(c) Router Refers to a point or joint where a connection takes place.	
(d) The Physical Layer does the conversion from data bits to electrical signals.	
(e) Brouter is a device that acts as both a Bridge and a Router.	
(f) Bus topology requires a central controller or hub.	
(g) Communication between a computer and a keyboard involves Simplex transmission.	
PART – B	
MARK-45	
Answer any three questions.	
4. (a) Explain with examples the term Simplex, Half – Duplex and Full – Duplex.	7

4. (a) Explain with examples the term Simplex, Half-Duplex and Full-Duplex. WITRAL LIBRARY

(b) State the differences between Analog and Digital transmission systems.

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5. (a) Describe the Serial Packet Format in detail.	8
(b) What are the different types of MODEMs? Mention some application of MODEMs?	7
6. (a) Describe different types of Network with neat diagrams?	7
(b) Explain with diagram about different types of Topology.	8
7. (a) What are Circuit Switching, Packet Switching and Message Switching?	7
(b) Discuss in detail about the OSI Model and also write the function of each layer.	8
8. (a) Discuss the working of Token Bus and token Ring standards of LAN.	7
(b) Distinguish between Structured and Ad-Hoc networks.	8
9. Write short notes on any two:	2x7.5=15
(a) Bit Rate, Baud Rate and Data Format (b) Point to Point Communication	
(c) Server, Client, Switch and Hub (d) Compare Bridge, Router and Gateway	
(e) World Wide Web	

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