

Total No. of printed pages = 5

EI/Co/It-403/DE/4th Sem/2018/M

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Full Marks – 70

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer both Part A and B.

PART – A

Marks – 25

1: Fill in the blanks : 1×10=10

- (i) In octal system there are _____ digits.
- (ii) ASCII is an _____ codes.
- (iii) A NAND gate acts as _____ AND gate.
- (iv) An inverter is also known as _____ gate.
- (v) In K-map adjacent pair eliminates _____ variables.
- (vi) $A + \bar{A} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

[Turnover

- (vii) Multiplexer is a _____ logic circuit.
- (viii) A half adder can add _____ bits.
- (ix) LED stands for _____.
- (x) Pocket calculators use _____ system.

2. State whether the following are true or false :

$$1 \times 10 = 10$$

- (i) In binary number system, the base is 2.
- (ii) $10 - 1 = 0$
- (iii) A 4 variable Karnaugh map for sop form has 16 cells.
- (iv) A sequential logic circuit has a memory.
- (v) A combinational logic circuit has an output of 1 or 0.
- (vi) $A \cdot A = 1$
- (vii) In hexadecimal system the base is 16.
- (viii) NAND and NOR gates are universal gates.
- (ix) Gallium arsenide is used in LEDs.
- (x) Zero suppression is not used in practice.

3. Choose the correct words from those given within blanks. 1×5=5

- (a) A NAND gate acts as _____ AND gate.
(i) NOT (ii) OR (iii) XOR gate
- (b) If both inputs of XOR gate are high, the output will be _____.
(i) Medium (ii) Low (iii) High
- (c) A min terms Boolean expression is known as _____ form
(i) Sum of product
(ii) Product of sum
- (d) A half adder can add _____ bits.
(i) One (ii) Two (iii) Three
- (e) Power consumption of LCD is _____.
(i) Small (ii) Very small

PART - B

Marks - 45

1. Convert the following : 2×3=6

(i) $100101_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}_{10}$

(ii) $3289_{10} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}_2$

(iii) $438_8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}_{16}$

2. Answer the following questions :

(a) Answer any *two* : $2 \times 3 = 6$

(i) What is meant by 1's complement and 2's complement ?

(ii) What is floating point representation ?

(iii) Draw a NOT gate. Write its truth table.

(b) Write short notes on any *two* : $2 \times 3 = 6$

(i) Multiplexer

(ii) Half adder

(iii) LED and LCD.

Answer any *three* questions.

3. (a) Using K-map minimize the function : 6

$$f(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,1,2,3,5,7,8,9,11,14)$$

(b) Draw the logic diagram for the above minimize expression. 3

4. (a) Define with symbol and truth table. 6
NOR, NAND, XOR

(b) Draw logic circuit for the expression 3

$$Y = ABC + AB\bar{C} + \bar{A}B\bar{C}$$

5. (a) Differentiate between the functions of multiplexer and de-multiplexer. 6
- (b) Draw logic circuit of a 4:1 multiplexer and explain its working. 3
6. (a) State and prove De Morgan's theorems. 5
- (b) What is duality theorem ? Find dual of
- (i) $A + 0 = A$ (ii) $A \cdot \bar{A} = 0$ 4