

Total number of printed pages-7

53 (EE 201) BEEN

2017

**BASIC ELECTRICAL
ENGINEERING**

Paper : EE-201

Full Marks : 100

Time : Three hours

**The figures in the margin indicate
full marks for the questions.**

Answer **any five** questions.

1. (a) Define the following terms : $1 \times 6 = 6$
- (i) Active element
 - (ii) Passive element
 - (iii) Non-linear circuits
 - (iv) Bilateral circuits

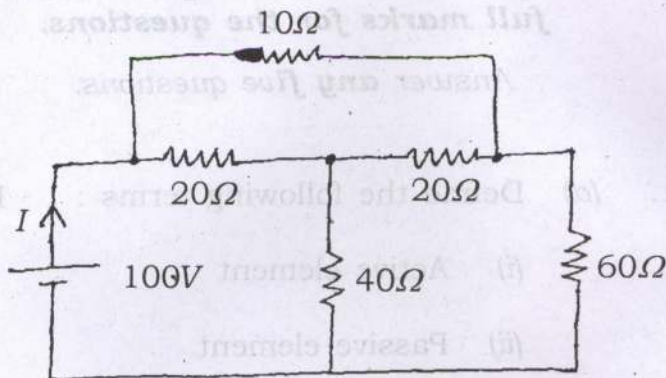
Contd.

(v) Mesh

(vi) Loop.

(b) State and explain Kirchhoff's Current law and Kirchhoff's Voltage law with necessary diagrams. 3+3=6

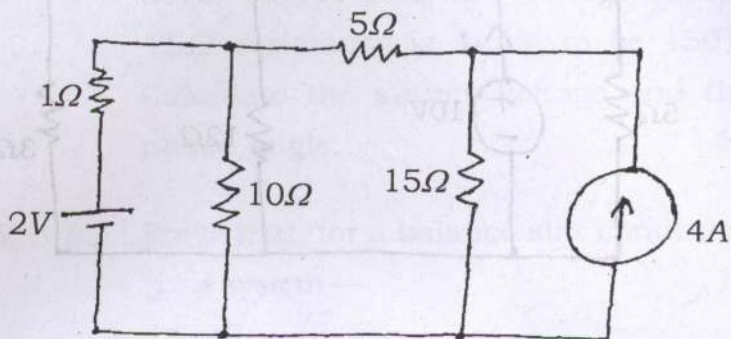
(c) Find the Current I for the given network—
(use Delta/Star or Star/Delta transformation only). 8



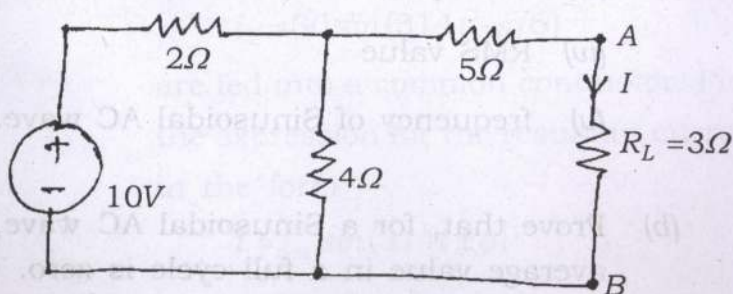
2. (a) Write the statements of Superposition and Reciprocity theorem and explain.

5+5=10

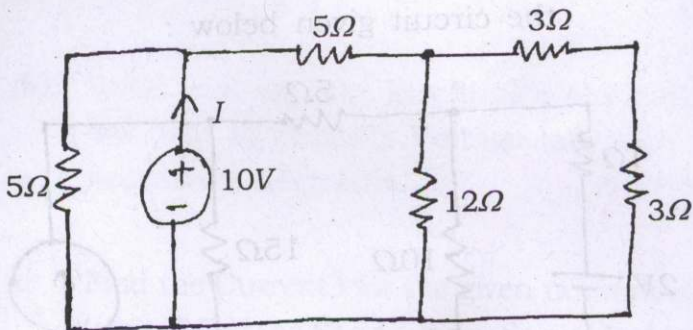
- (b) Using Superposition theorem, find the power delivered in the 10Ω resistor in the circuit given below : 10



3. (a) Determine the Current I in the given circuit using Thevenin's equivalent circuit. 10



- (b) In the following circuit, calculate the Current I. 10



4. (a) Define the following terms — $1 \times 5 = 5$

(i) Peak value

(ii) Symmetrical wave

(iii) Time period

(iv) RMS value

(v) frequency of Sinusoidal AC wave.

- (b) Prove that, for a Sinusoidal AC wave, average value in a full cycle is zero.

5

- (c) A pure inductance of 318mH is connected in series with a pure resistor of 75Ω . The circuit is supplied from 50Hz source and the voltage across 75Ω resistance is found to be 150V . Calculate the supply voltage and the phase angle. 10
5. (a) Prove that, for a balance star connected 3- ϕ system — 10
- $$V_L = \sqrt{3} V_{ph}$$

Where, V_L = Line Voltage

V_{ph} = Phase Voltage

- (b) Two currents represented by — 10
- $$i_1 = 50 \sin 314t \quad \text{and}$$
- $$i_2 = 30 \sin(314t - \pi/6)$$

are fed into a common conductor. Find the expression for the resultant current in the form —

$$i = I_m \sin(314t \pm \phi)$$

6. (a) An iron ring of cross-sectional area 6cm^2 is wound with a wire of 100 turns and has a saw cut of 2mm . Calculate the magnetising current required to produce a flux of 0.1mwb if mean length of magnetic path is 30cm and relative permeability of iron ring is 470.

10

(b) Explain the following : $2+2=4$

(i) Self-inductance

(ii) Magnetic intensity.

(c) Mention *three* similarities and dissimilarities between Magnetic and Electric circuits. $3+3=6$

7. (a) What is the significance of shunt in ammeters ? Explain how the range of an ammeter can be extended. 5

(b) A moving coil instrument has a resistance of 10Ω and gives full scale deflection when carrying a current of 50mA . Show how it can be adopted to measure voltage upto 750V and currents upto 1000A . 5

- (c) What are the different types of internal wiring usually employed in industries and house ? With the help of a neat diagram show, how a single phase energy meter, main switch and a distribution box (with 4 sub-circuits) are connected in a domestic wiring system. 10
