## 2017

## SATELLITE COMMUNICATION

Paper: EC 814

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five out of seven questions.

- 1. (a) Name the first Artificial Satellite launched by the USSR in October 1957.

  Also point out its main drawbacks for not using it too much in Satellite Communication. 1+6=7
- (b) Explain why repeater is used in satellite for the study of Satellite Communication.
  - (c) In the year 1965, the first Intelsat Satellite was launched. Name it and briefly explain about it.

- 2. (a) Explain why Orbital Mechanics is required for the study of Satellite Communication.
  - (b) By using two different types of forces on the satellite, find out the equation for the velocity and time required for a satellite to rotate around the planet in its orbit.
- 3. (a) Explain in details how six different orbital elements are needed for the orbital determination of a satellite with its proper diagram.
  - (b) What are the two parameters needed for the satellite to launch in its orbit?

    Also explain it. 5
  - (c) Define Doppler shift of orbital effect in Satellite Communication system performance.
- 4. (a) Explain in details about Telemetry, Tracking, Command and Monitoring (TTC & M) subsystems with its proper diagram.
  - (b) Define Solar eclipse.

- 5. (a) What are the three different prototype models which are required for space qualification of a satellite in a Satellite Communication system?
  - (b) Explain communication subsystem.

    Also explain the function of transponder present in it.
- 6. (a) Describe basic transmission Theory of a Satellite Communication system.
  - (b) Name different equatorial orbits for the orbit consideration in a Satellite Communication.
- 7. (a) What are the narrowband and wideband system in the context of multiple access? Point out the main differences between them. 5+5=10
  - (b) Explain in details what are the main features of FDMA system. 10