

**Total number of printed pages: 2**

**DIPLOMA (D) / V / DIE504**

**2023**

**POWER ELECTRONICS**

*Full Marks: 100*

Time: Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.***

*Answer all five questions.*

1. a) Answer the following questions in brief. 10 X 2 = 20
- i) "The resistance of  $n^+$  semiconductor region is less than  $n^-$  semiconductor region." Justify.
  - ii) Define the term "semiconductor junction".
  - iii) What is a semi-controllable semiconductor switch?
  - iv) Define Softness Factor of a diode.
  - v) Why is MOSFET called a unipolar device?
  - vi) What do you mean by Forward Breakover voltage of a thyristor?
  - vii) What is the relation between  $\infty$  and  $\beta$  of a transistor?
  - viii) Define the term "Duty Cycle".
  - ix) What is the turn-on voltage of a PUT?
  - x) Name any two applications of a thyristor.
2. a) What is the function of the drift region found in a power diode? Briefly explain how it affects the characteristic of a diode. 3
- b) Explain the different modes of operation of an SCR with the help of its static I-V characteristics. 5
- c) Describe the various methods of turning ON a SCR. 5
- d) Draw the structure of a power MOSFET clearly showing the parasitic BJT and parasitic diode in it. 5
- e) State four differences between BJT and MOSFET. 2

3. a) What is a firing circuit? Draw the circuit diagram of Resistance firing circuit of a thyristor and show the relation between the firing angle, resistances and Gate turn-on voltage. Why is the firing angle of Resistance based circuit limited to  $90^\circ$ ? 2 + 6 + 2 = 10
- b) State the intrinsic stand-off ratio of a Unijunction transistor. 2
- c) With the help of voltage and current waveforms, explain the working of a single-phase half-wave circuit with R-L load. 8
- d)
4. a) What is the main function of a DC chopper? Deduce the output voltage expression for an elementary chopper circuit. 6
- b) Describe the various control strategies for varying the duty cycle of a chopper. 6
- c) What is an inverter? Draw the circuit diagram of a single phase full-bridge inverter and explain its working. 8
5. a) Write short notes on any four. 5 X 4 = 20
- i. GTO    ii. Triac    iii. IGBT    iv. PUT
- v. BJT as a switch    vi. Two transistor model of thyristor

