

**Total number of printed pages: 03**

**Diploma/2<sup>nd</sup> /DEE203**

**2022**

**FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS  
ENGINEERING**

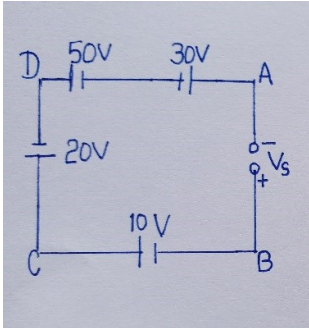
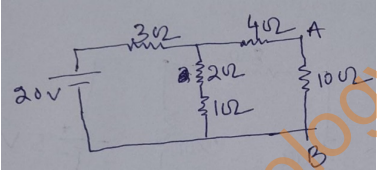
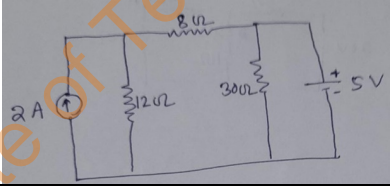
*Full Marks: 100*

Time: Three hours

***The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.***

*Answer any five questions.*

1.	a)	Write a note on intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor.	5
	b)	Write down the distinction between p-type and n-type semiconductor.	5
	c)	What is a P-N junction? Write a note on formation of P-N junction.	7
	d)	Write down the applications of P-N junction diode.	3
2.	a)	How does current flows in P-N junction diode in forward and reverse bias? Draw a I-V characteristic for it.	10
	b)	What is bipolar junction transistor (BJT). Make symbol of PNP and NPN BJT.	5
	c)	Write a note on construction of PNP and NPN bipolar junction transistor.	5
3.	a)	Write a note on different types of biasing system of bipolar transistor.	5
	b)	Write down the Kirchoff's voltage law.	5

	c)	Calculate the voltage $V_S$ across the open switch in the given circuit?	10
			
4.	a)	Find the Thevenin equivalent circuit between the terminal A and B in the Figure shown below also find the load current.	5
			
	b)	Find the current across $8\Omega$ resistor using superposition theorem in the circuit shown below	5
			
	c)	Explain different types of energy sources and Differentiate between conventional as well as non-conventional source of energy.	10
5.	a)	<p>A series AC circuit contains a resistor, an inductor of 220 mH, a capacitor of <math>4.70\ \mu\text{F}</math>, and a generator with <math>\Delta V_{\text{max}}=240\ \text{V}</math> operating at 50.0 Hz. The maximum current in the circuit is 200 mA.</p> <p>(i) Calculate the inductive reactance. (ii) Calculate the capacitive reactance.</p> <p>(iii) Calculate the impedance. (iv) Calculate the phase angle between the current and the generator voltage.</p>	10

	b)	What is Full wave rectifier? Draw and explain the working principle of Full wave rectifier.	5
	c)	Write notes on Peak Inversion Voltage	5
6.	a)	Describe the construction and working principle of Cathode ray tube (CRT)	10
	b)	Calculate the impedance in R-C parallel circuit by using Phasor Diagram	5
	c)	Explain the advantages of full wave rectifier over Half wave rectifier as well as compare their efficiencies.	5

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