

Central Institute of technology Kokrajhar
(Deemed to be university)
Essence of Indian knowledge and tradition
Paper Code: DECE407

End-semester Question paper

Full marks: 60

Pass marks: 18

Time: 9.00-11.00 Hrs

11.00-12.00 Hrs for submission

Date of Examination: 13/08/21

A) Answer all questions (1X20)

1. According to the cultural history of India Panchayatan-is:-

- A. An assembly of elders of village.
- B. A religious sect
- C. Temple construction style
- D. Functionary of an administration

2. Golden Threshold is a collection of poems written by:

- A. Annie Besant
- B. Vijyalakshmi Pandit
- C. Aruna Asaf Ali
- D. Sarojini Naidu

3. Buddhist site Tabo Monastery is located in which of the following state of India?

- A. Arunachal Pradesh
- B. Himachal Pradesh
- C. Sikkim
- D. Assam

4. What do you understand by Kalaripayattu?

- A. An ancient Bhakti cult of Shaivism.
- B. An ancient form of dance or drama.
- C. An ancient martial art.
- D. An ancient coin made up of Bronze and copper.

5. Who had composed Brahnavadini the hymns of Vedas?

- A. Gargi
- B. Savitri
- C. Brahmini
- D. Ghosha

6. During which period bronze icons of Nataraja deity who has four hands was casted?

- A. Chola period
- B. Chera perios
- C. Shunga period
- D. Pandayas period

7. How do osteopaths differ from traditional physicians?
- A. They have training in spinal manipulation.
 - B. They focus on faith healing.
 - C. They serve an internship after medical school.
 - D. They choose an area of speciality.
8. Why do people choose to use complementary and alternative medicine?
- A. There is proven research about these methods
 - B. Their doctors often recommend it.
 - C. Their doctors often recommend it.
 - D. The care is often less expensive.
9. Why is faith healing controversial?
- A. It brings up the issue of religious freedom versus the duty to protect children.
 - B. It takes a considerable number of patients away from traditional medicine.
 - C. It perpetuates stereotypes and bias against minority groups.
 - D. It is responsible for higher mortality rates among extremely religious people.
10. The ratio of width of our national flag is
- A. 1:2
 - B. 2:3
 - C. 3:4
 - D. 2:5
11. The holy book of Parsis is called
- A. Tripitak
 - B. Taurat
 - C. Zenda avesta
 - D. Quran
12. composed the famous song Sare Jahan Se Achha.
- A. Mhd. kasem
 - B. Mohd. Iqbal
 - C. Ustad Gulam ali khan
 - D. Lata Mangeskar
13. is famous for Chikankari work, which is a traditional art of embroidery
- A. Lucknow
 - B. Benaras
 - C. Prayagraj
 - D. Mumbai
14. The dance encouraged and performance from the temple of Tanjore was
- A. Bharatnatyam
 - B. Odisi
 - C. Kuchipuri

D. Chou dance

15. Kathakali dance is a combination of elements of fine art.

- A. 3
- B. 5
- C. 8
- D. 12

16. Lohri is celebrated in the month of.....

- A. April
- B. December
- C. October
- D. January

17. Which statement is true about synthetic drugs?

- A. they can be patented
- B. they are difficult to synthesize
- C. they are usually more expensive to produce than natural sources
- D. all of these

18. This is important in the regulation of calcium levels, especially for normal bone development

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin B
- C. Vitamin C
- D. Vitamin D

19. A component of hemoglobin, the molecule that carries oxygen in the blood.

- A. calcium
- B. iron
- C. Thiamine (Vitamin B1)
- D. Niacin (Vitamin B3)

20. Losar festival is famous in

- A. Bihar
- B. Assam
- C. Arunachal Pradesh
- D. Kerala

B Short Answer type (2X7)

1. Why traditional knowledge is an important part of cultural identities for human communities?

2. Discuss on the farming techniques in India.

3. Discuss on the forest management system in India

4. What kind of towns existed during medieval period in India?

5. Discuss the role of metallurgy in ancient India
6. Describe big and small traders of the ancient India

C. Long answer type (4x6)

1. Organic is our first choice for food, but why allopathy is first for treatment. Why not traditional medicine?
2. How was rainwater harvesting developed in ancient India?
3. Discuss the agricultural practice in ancient India.
4. Briefly write about the growth of crafts and craftspersons in ancient India
5. What are the remedies of Dandruff and Corns using Indian Traditional Medicine?
6. Discuss about the distillation of perfume process in ancient India.