## 2023

## **SUBJECT NAME: Linear integrated circuit**

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

## The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

## Answer any five questions

			Kokrajhar : : Bodoland	
Q.1	a)		Fill in the blanks	11
		i)	Input impedance of ideal Op-amp is	
		ii)	CMRR stands for	
		iii)	CMRR of ideal Op-amp is	
		iv)	Frequency of DC signal is	
		v)	Function generatorsignal.	
		vi)	Comparator is aloop application of Op-amp.	
		vii)	Output impedance of ideal Op-amp is	
		viii)	Voltage gain of ideal Op-amp is	
		ix)	Oscillator is afeedback application of Op-amp.	
		x)	High pass filter rejects frequencies lower thanfrequency.	
		xi)	Inverting amplifier is afeedback application.	
	b)	i)	Define oscillator.	2
		ii)	Write down conditions to start oscillation.	3
			2015.12000	
	c)	i)	Draw frequency response of low pass filter.	2
		ii)	Draw a passive low pass filter.	2
Q.2	a)		Write down whether the following statements are true or false	5
		i)	Reactance of capacitance has direct proportionality with frequency.	
		ii)	Infinite impedance can be replaced by short circuit.	
		iii)	Zero impedance can be replaced by open circuit.	
		iv)	Reactance of capacitance for dc signal is infinite.	
		v)	Resistance has no dependency of frequency.	
	b)	i)	Draw the circuit diagram of a active low pass filter.	4
		ii)	Explain the filtering action of above.	3
	c)	i)	Draw the circuit diagram of wein bridge osciilator.	4
		ii)	Explain it's function	4

Q.3	a)	Ī	Write down whether the following statements are true or false	5
Q.5	u)	i)	Close loop gain for oscillation is unity.	
		ii)	Close loop Phase shift for oscillation should be effectively zero.	
		iii)	Ideal offset voltage of Op-amp should be 0V.	
	<u> </u>	iv)	Common mode noise is cancelled out at differential output node of	-
		14)	Diff—amp.	
		v)	Dc input response of a integrator is zero.	
	b)	i)	Draw 5 bit binary weighted D/A converter circuit diagram.	5
		ii)	Explain how above circuit converts digital inputs into analog?	5
	c)		Fill in the blanks	5
		i)	For a inverting amplifier rf=1k $\Omega$ ri=100 $\Omega$ voltage gain =	
		ii)	For a non inverting amplifier rf= $10M\Omega$ ri= $1K\Omega$ voltage gain=	
		iii)	For a summing amplifier if vin1=sinwt vin2=4sinwt vout =	
		iv)	Ramp response to a differentiator is	
		v)	Op-amp is being build by using manyamplifier	
Q.4	a)	i)	Derive the output voltage equation of a inverting amplifier.	6
		ii)	Derive the output voltage equation of a integrator.	7
	b)	i)	Define offset voltage of a Op-amp.	2
		ii)	What do you mean by virtual ground of a Op-amp.	2
			27///	
	c)		Draw the block diagram of a multiplier.	3
Q.5	a)		Draw the circuit diagram of the following	3X3=9
		i)	Log amplifier using diode.	
		ii)	Active Low pass filter.	
		iii)	Zero voltage detector	
			anan m and afra	
	b)		Write short notes on	
		i)	Frequency response of filters	4
		ii)	Data sheet parameters of Op-amp	7
0.6				
Q.6	a)		Down the series is it is some of a few terms	1
		i)	Draw the cuicuit diagram of a 5 volt detector.	2
		ii)	Explain the detection functionality with help of vin vout drawing	6
	b)		Write down few practical characteristics of a Op-amp.	5
	c)		Derive the output voltage equation of a active op-amp differentiator.	7