Total number of printed pages = 7

19/4th Sem/DCSE 404

## 2022

## **OPERATING SYSTEM**

Full Marks - 100

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five questions.

- 1. A. Multiple choice questions :  $1 \times 10=10$ 
  - (i) What is an Operating system?
    - (a) collection of programs that manages hardware resources
    - (b) system service provider to the application programs
    - (c) interface between the hardware and application programs
    - (d) All of the mentioned above

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- (ii) To access the services of operating system, the interface is provided by the
  - (a) System calls
  - (b) API
  - (c) Library
  - (d) Assembly instructions
- (iii) What is the main function of the command interpreter?
  - (a) to get and execute the next userspecified command
  - (b) to provide the interface between the API and application program
  - (c) to handle the files in operating system
  - (d) None of the mentioned above
- (iv) In operating system, each process has its own \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) address space and global variables
  - (b) open files
  - (c) pending alarms, signals and signal handlers
  - (d) All of the mentioned above

(2)

- (v) In Unix, which system call creates the new process?
  - (a) Fork
  - (b) Create
  - (c) New
  - (d) None of the mentioned above
- (vi) What is the ready state of a process?
  - (a) when process is scheduled to run after some execution
  - (b) when process is unable to run until some task has been completed
  - (c) when process is using the CPU
  - (d) None of the mentioned above
- (vii) What is inter-process communication?
  - (a) communication within the process
  - (b) communication between two processes
  - (c) communication between two threads of same process
  - (d) None of the mentioned above

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- (viii) The address of the next instruction to be executed by the current process is provided by the \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) CPU registers
  - (b) Program counter
  - (c) Process stack
  - (d) Pipe
- (ix) The interval from the time of submission of a process to the time of completion is termed as
  - (a) waiting time
  - (b) turnaround time
  - (c) response time
  - (d) throughput
- (x) Which algorithm is defined in Time quantum?
  - (a) shortest job scheduling algorithm
  - (b) round robin scheduling algorithm
  - (c) priority scheduling algorithm
  - (d) multi-level queue scheduling algorithm.

В.	Short qu	uestions :		2×5=10
		at is the difference program?	ference betw	een proces
	(ii) Wh	at do you	mean by a s	ystem call
	(iii) Wh	at is proce	ss control b	lock?
	(iv) Wh	at is a crit	ical region?	
	(v) Wh	at is mean	t by context	switch?
(a)			g System? I	
				10
(b)			Explain the value transition of	
(a)			o different as? Give ex	
(b)	Consider their burs		ring five pro	ocesses and
	Process		Burst time	
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Proce	Bur	st	time
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P		2	
E	, *	4	
E		4	

Calculate the average turn around time and waiting time for those processes with shortest job first and first come first serve scheduling algorithm.

- (c) Discuss how shortest job first scheduling is more optimal than first come first serve with suitable example.
- 4. (a) What is a race condition? What are the four different conditions need to hold for avoiding race condition.
  - (b) Explain how we can achieve mutual exclusion by using the critical section concept. 5
  - (c) What is disable interrupt approach to avoid the race condition? Write the disadvantages of it.

- 5. (a) What is a deadlock? Write the necessary conditions that cause deadlock situation to occur.
  - (b) How does deadlock avoidance differ from deadlock prevention?
  - (c) Discuss the four different conditions for which the processes terminated. 5
- 6. Write short notes on any four:  $5\times4=20$ 
  - (i) Process hierarchy
  - (ii) Inter-Process Communication
  - (iii) Timesharing Vs. Multiprogramming
  - (iv) Spin lock
  - (v) Process creation events.

