2023

CHEMISTRY-I

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer 1 is Compulsory and any four from 2 to 7.

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1x20 = 20

- (1) (a) Which of the following is a non-electrolyte:
 - i) NaCl Central Institute Of Technology
 - ii) HNO₃
 - iii) CH₃COOH
 - iv) $C_6H_{12}O_6$
 - (b) Which of the following is a primary pollutant?
 - i) Particulates
 - ii) Sulphurous smog
 - iii) PAN
 - iv) None of the above
 - (c) Dissociation of ionic compounds by passing electricity is known as
 - i) Redox reaction
 - ii) Electrochemical reaction
 - iii) Electrolytic reaction
 - iv) Electro-dynamic reaction.
 - (d) Which of the following metal is responsible for the tragedy of Minamata (Japan)?
 - i) Cd
 - ii) Hg
 - iii) As
 - iv) Pb

1	D		
(e)	Reaeration	of water	body means:
(-/	receptation	or water	body incans.

- i) Oxygen of the air mixed with water and gets dissolved into it.
- ii) Consumption of dissolved oxygen of water by biodegradable organic pollutant.
- iii) Consumption of dissolved oxygen of water by aquatic plants and animals through respiration.
- iv) Mixing of oxygen in water through photosynthesis of green aquatic plants and algae.

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(f) Saturated hydrocarbons are also called

- i) Paraffins
- ii) Alkenes entral Institute Of Technology
- iii) Alkynes
- iv) Alcohols

g) "CHO" group indicates the

- i) Aldehyde
- ii) Ketone
- iii) Carboxylic acid
- iv) Ether

h) For optically active organic compounds,

- i) The carbon must be chiral/asymmetric
- ii) The carbon must be symmetric
- iii) The carbon must be alkene
- iv) The carbon must be alkyne

Pyrolysis is happened in the absence

- i) Oxygen/Air
- ii) Nirogen
- iii) Helium
- iv) Argon

J)	Prop	panol-1 and Propanol-2 is the example of
	i)	Positional isomer
	ii)	Functional isomer
	iii)	Chain isomer
	iv)	Chiral compound
k)	Cha	rge on a neutron is
	i)	Unipositive
	ii)	Uninegative
	iii)	Zero
	iv)	None of above Central Institute Of Technology
1)	Ator	nic mass of chlorine is
	i)	33 nn in
	ii)	34
	iii)	35
	iv)	36
m)	Exar	mple of solid lubricant
	i)	Graphite
	ii)	Grease
	iii)	CNG
	iv)	Mineral oil ESTD.: 2006
n)	Stoic	chiometric burning of propane gives water molecules.
	i)	2
	ii)	3
	iii)	4
	iv)	5
o)		ch of the followings is a renewable source of energy?
	i)	Bioethanol
	ii)	Coal
	iii)	Petroleum

	p)	Which one of the following is an example of addition polymer?		
		i) Buna-S-Rubber		
		ii) PP		
		iii) Bakelite		
		iv) Polyester		
	q)	In homomers		
		i) All building blocks are identical		
		ii) All building blocks are not identical		
		iii) Both i) & ii) are correct		
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	r)	is the monomer of Natural Rubber.		
		i) Chloro-isoprene		
		ii) Isoprene		
		iii) Styrene		
		iv) 1,3- Butadiene		
	s)	Froth flotation method is use for concentration of		
		i) Sulphide ores		
		ii) Carbonate ores		
		iii) Fluoride ore		
		iv) None		
	t)	Carbonate ores are concentrated by		
		i) Calcination		
		ii) Roasting		
		iii) Amalgamation		
2	(a)	iv) None		
۷	(a)	What are the differences between strong electrolyte and week electrolyte? Explain with example.	2+1	
	(b)	Discuss Faraday's 2 nd law of electrolysis with equation.	4	

iv) Natural gas

	(c)	What are the industrial applications of electrolytic reactions?	2	
	(d)	Differentiate between primary and secondary pollutants wire examples.	th 3	
	(e)	Write short note on acid rain	3	
	(f)	What amount of silver will be deposited when electric current of 3.3 ampere is passed through a silver nitrate solution for 20 minutes. (At. Mass of $Ag = 108$ a.m.u)		
	(g)	Point out the differences between B.O.D. and C.O.D.	2	
3	(a)	Write the prefix and draw the structure if carbon contains	1x4=4	
		(i) 1 (ii) 2 (iii) 3Central Institute Of Technology (iv) 4 Kokrajhar:: Bodoland		
	(b)	Draw the IUPAC names of the following compounds	4x1/2=2	
		(i) H ₃ C—CH—CH—CH ₂ —CH ₃		
		(ii) CH ₃ -CH ₂ -CH=CH ₂		
		(iii) CHCl ₃		
		(iv) CH ₃ ESTD.: 2006		
		CH_3 — C — CH_2 — CH — CH_3 CH_3 CH_3		
	(c)	Draw the structures of the following compounds	4x1/2=2	
		(i) 2,4-Dimethyl heptane		
		(ii) Lactic acid		
		(iii) Cis-but-2-ene		
		(iv) Propyne-1		
	(d)	An organic compound with molecular formula C ₆ H ₁₄ , write down the possible structures/isomers and their IUPAC names.	e 5	

	(e)	Give a laboratory preparation method for alkane with equation.	3
	(f)	Write short notes of Portland Cement.	4
4	(a)	Explain the terms - isotopes, isobars and isotones with examples.	2x3=6
	(b)	What is an orbital? Write briefly about the shapes of s and p orbitals.	1+4=5
	(c)	State three important qualities of an ideal lubricant.	3
	(d)	Write short notes on (any three)	3 X 2=6
		(i) Biofuels (ii) Fossil fuel (iii) Nuclear fuel (iv) LPG	
5	(a)	What is a co-polymer? Distinguish between co-polymer and homo-	1+2=3
		polymer.	
	(b)	Name two monomers of Nylon 6,6. Write the reaction for the synthesis of Nylon 6,6.	2+3=5
	(c)	Write the polymerization reaction of Bakelite. Give two uses of Bakelite.	3+2=5
	(d)	What is an amalgam of metal? Give the reactions for extraction of Ag by amalgamation method.	1+4=5
	(e)	Define mineral and ore.	1+1=2
6	(a)	Write short note on:	2+2=4
		(i) Catalytic converter and (ii) Electrostatic Precipitator	
	(b)	Give one example of each strong and week electrolyte.	1
	(c)	Write down the reaction and their product when Grignard reagent is hydrolyzed.	2
		Or असतो मा सत् गमय	
		Write short note on Hydraulic cement	
	(d)	When alkene is treated with ozone and hydrolysis with Zn, it gives two molecules of carbonyl compounds, write down the reaction and their products	3
	(e)	Write down the electronic configuration of iron (atomic number=26).	2
	(f)	Write short notes on (any one)	3
	(a)	(i) Classification of coal (ii) Carbonization of coal	-
	(g)	Explain froth flotation method for concentration of sulfide ores. Give schematic diagram.	5

(a)	Describe purification of Aluminium by Hoopes Method.		
	Or		
	Differentiate between primary and secondary pollutants with examples.		
(b)	What are the industrial applications of electrolytic reactions?	2	
	Or		
	State the Faraday's 2nd law of electrolysis with equation.		
(c)	Give the reaction for preparation of Natural Rubber. What is SBR?	3+2=5	
	Or		
	What is an alloy? What are two different types of alloy? Give example of each.	1+2+2=5	
(d)	What is an orbital? Write briefly about the shapes of s and p orbitals.	1+4=5	
	Or		
	State three important qualities of an ideal lubricant. Explain ionization energy with equation.	3+2=5	
(e)	Give a preparation method in laboratory for alkynes.	3	
	Or 29/10		
	Write down the Markovnikoff and Anti- Markovnikoff reactions with their products.		
(f)	What is Bayer's reagents? Write down the hydroxylation reaction.	1+1=2	
	ESTD.: 2006		
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	तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमय		