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## 2025

## WATER RESOURCE ENGINEERING

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

## The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five questions.

| 1. | a) | What are the different methods available for determining mean rainfall over a | 10 |
|----|----|---|----|
|    |    | catchment? Central Institute Of Technology                                    |    |
|    | b) | Raingauge station X did not function for a part of a month during which a     | 10 |
|    |    | storm occurred. The storm produced rainfall of 84, 70 and 96 mm at three      |    |
|    |    | surrounding stations A, B and C respectively. The normal annual rainfalls at  |    |
|    |    | the stations X, A, B and C are 770, 882, 736 and 944 mm respectively.         |    |
|    |    | Estimate the missing rainfall at station X.                                   |    |
|    |    |   |    |

- 2. a) Define inconsistency in rain fall data. How inconsistency in rain fall data can 5+5=10 be rectified?
  - b) Describe the relationships between depth, area and duration for a rainfall over an area of a given duration?
- 3. a) How the stream flow measurement of a river can be done by using areavelocity method?
  - b) The following table gives the data obtained by a stream-gauging operation. The rating equation of the current meter is  $v = 0.51N_s + 0.03$  m/s where  $N_s =$  revolutions per second. Calculate the discharge in the stream.

| Distance from bank (m)                             | 0 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 11.0 | 12.0 |
|--|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| Depth(m)   | 0 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.0  | 0    |
| Revolutions of a current meter kept at 0.6 m depth | 0 | 39  | 58  | 112 | 90  | 45  | 30   | 0    |

| Duration of observation (s) | 0 | 100 | 100 | 150 | 150 | 100 | 100 | 0 |
|-----------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
|-----------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|

4. a) Discuss various factors affecting the distribution of runoff.

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b) What is hydrograph? Explain the different components of a flood hydrograph with the help of a sketch.

2+8=10

5. a) The flood data and base flow in a stream is estimated as shown in the Table below. The catchment area is 600 km<sup>2</sup>. Estimate the rainfall excess.

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| Time in days                        | 0  | 1  | 2   | 3   | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  |
|-------------------------------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Total discharge (m <sup>3</sup> /s) | 20 | 63 | 151 | 133 | 90 | 63 | 44 | 29 | 20 | 20 |
| Base flow (m <sup>3</sup> /s)       | 0  | 41 | 126 | 105 | 62 | 37 | 21 | 80 | 0  | 0  |

b) What are the assumptions made in the Unit Hydrograph Theory? Describe the various factors affecting the flood hydrograph.

3+7=10

6. a) What are the sources of ground water flow? What is the difference between infiltration and percolation?

2+3=5

b) Describe briefly how the water table changes in different conditions?

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c) Describe the different aquifer properties?

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