

Total number of printed pages-8

53 (CY 201) ENCH

2021

**ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Paper : CY 201

Full Marks : 100

Time : Three hours

**The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.**

**Answer Question No. 1 and any four from the rest.**

1. (a) Choose the correct answers :  $1 \times 5 = 5$ 
  - (i) The minimum energy necessary to permit a reaction is :
    - (A) Internal energy
    - (B) Free energy
    - (C) Threshold energy
    - (D) Activation energy

Contd.

(ii) The cell reaction is spontaneous, if the cell potential is —

- (A) Zero
- (B) Positive
- (C) Negative
- (D) Infinite

(iii) Standard hydrogen electrode has been assigned a potential of :

- (A) 100 volts
- (B) 1 volt
- (C) 0 volt
- (D) -ve voltage

(iv) Which of the following is an weak electrolyte ?

- (A)  $\text{NaCl}$
- (B)  $\text{HCl}$
- (C)  $\text{KOH}$
- (D)  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$



(v) Corrosion of metals take place because of —

- (A) Reduction
- (B) Oxidation
- (C) Both (A) and (B)
- (D) None of the above



(b) Fill in the blanks : 1×5=5

(i) The stability of 3° amine is \_\_\_\_\_ than 2° amine.

(ii) The monomer units of Nylon-6.6 are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ .

(iii) Bakelite is known as \_\_\_\_\_ resins.

(iv) The other name of Buna-S rubber is \_\_\_\_\_.

(c) Find out *true* / *false* from the following :

1×5=5

(i) The reaction pathway followed for Saytzeff rule is  $E_2$ .

(ii) Singlet carbene is  $sp^2$  hybridised.



(iii)  $\alpha$ -hydrogen requires for Aldol reaction.

(iv) Mesomeric effect can be transmitted along any number of carbon atoms in a conjugated system.

(v) The inductive effect is a permanent state of polarization.

(d) Match the following :  $1 \times 5 = 5$

Group A	Group B
(a) $H_2$ , $O_2$ , $N_2$ , etc have	(i) electronic transition
(b) $HCl$ , $H_2O$ , $NH_3$ etc have	(ii) $NaCl$
(c) Ionic bond is found in	(iii) $NH_4^+$ ion
(d) Dative bond is found in	(iv) Non-polar bonds
(e) UV-visible spectroscopy	(v) Polar bonds

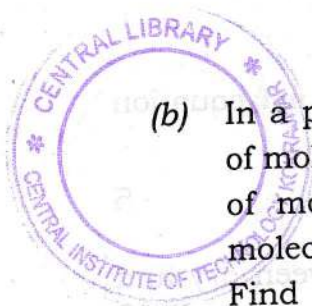
2. (a) Write down the application of Nernst equation. 3

(b) Explain the difference between electrode potential and standard electrode potential. 2



- (c) Write the cell reaction and e.m.f. equation for the following cell :  
$$Fe / Fe^{+2} // Sn^{+2} / Sn$$
 5
- (d) Write the differences between dry and wet corrosion. 3
- (e) Deduce the expression of work done for isothermal reversible process for one mole of an ideal gas. 5
- (f) Mention the main features of Transition State Theory. 2
3. (a) Explain the terms Chromophore and Auxochrome giving examples. 4
- (b) What are stretching and bending modes of molecular vibrations associated with IR-spectroscopy ? 6
- (c) Describe the instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy. 5
- (d) Mention the properties of an ideal fuel. 5
4. (a) Distinguish between addition and condensation polymers giving examples. 4





(b) In a polymer, there are 100 molecules of molecular weight 100, 200 molecules of molecular weight 1,000 and 300 molecules of molecular weight 10,000. Find  $M_n$ ,  $M_w$  and PDI. 6

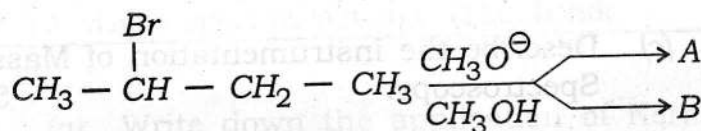
(c) Write short notes on : 3+3+4=10

(a) Natural rubber

(b) Teflon

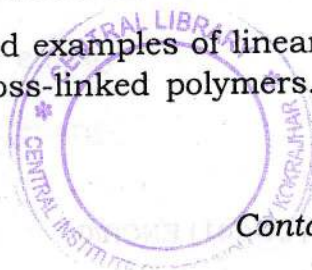
(c) Pseudounimolecular reaction

5. (a) Write down the reaction product of the following with proper reaction mechanism pathway : 2+3=5



(b) What is Markovnikov and anti-Markovnikov rules ? Give examples with reactions. 2½+2½=5

- (c) What is carbene intermediate species ?  
What are decomposition products of ketene and diazomethane ? 1+1+1=3
- (d) Give the mechanism of acid or base catalysed aldol reaction. 5
- (e) Define  $S_N1$  and  $E1$  reactions. 2
6. (a) Explain the hybridisation involved in  $CH_4$ ,  $C_2H_4$  and  $C_2H_2$  molecules. 6
- (b) What are n-type and p-type semiconductors ? Give examples. 4
- (c) Explain what do you understand by Gross and Net calorific values. 4
- (d) Write short notes on : 3+3=6
- (i) Octane number
- (ii) Cracking of hydrocarbons.
7. (a) Give the differences between order and molecularity of a reaction. 4
- (b) Give structure and examples of linear, branched and cross-linked polymers. 6



(c) How do you define nucleophilic and electrophilic reagents ? Give examples of positively and negatively charged species.  $2+2=4$

(d) Explain inductive and mesomeric effects mentioning their applications.  $3+3=6$

