CT-603/C&PM/6th Sem/2018/M

CONSTRUCTION AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Full Marks - 70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

PART – A Marks – 25

Question numbers 1(a) to 1(j) carry 1 mark each.

1. Question numbers 1(a) to 1(j) have four options out of which only one option is correct. Choose the correct answer from the available options:

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- (a) Which one of the following represents an activity?
 - (i) Excavation for foundation
 - (ii) Curing of concrete
 - (iii) Setting of question paper
 - (iv) All of the above.

(b) In the given figure, the network of a project represents an

1	Excavation of footing	0
U	8	7

- (i) activity of an excavation of a footing
- (ii) activity of an excavation which starts at event No.1 and ends at even No.2
- (iii) activity of excavation which takes 8 units of time
- (iv) None of these.
- (c) Pick up the PERT event from the following:
 - (i) Digging of foundation started and completed
 - (ii) Laying of concrete started
 - (iii) Laying of concrete completed
 - (iv) All of the above.

- (d) If D is the duration, ES and EF are the earliest start and earliest finish, LS and LF are latest start and latest finish time, then which of the following relation holds good?
 - (i) EF = ES + D
 - (ii) LS = LF D
 - (iii) LF = LS + D
 - (iv) All of the above.
- (e) The performance of a specific task in CPM, is known as
 - (i) Dummy
- (ii) Event
- (iii) Activity
- (iv) Contract.
- (f) Completion of an activity on CPM network diagram, is generally known as
 - (i) Event
 - (ii) Node
 - (iii) Connector
 - (iv) All of the above.

- (g) Bar charts are suitable for
 - (i) Minor works
 - (ii) Major works
 - (iii) Large projects
 - (iv) All of the Above.
- (h) Frederick W. Taylor introduced a system of working known as
 - (i) Line organisation
 - (ii) Line and staff organisation
 - (iii) Functional organisation
 - (iv) Effective organisation.
- (i) The first stage of a construction, is
 - (i) Preparation of estimate
 - (ii) Survey of the site
 - (iii) Initiation of proposal
 - (iv) Preparation of tender

- (j) Pick up the correct statement from the following:
 - (i) Forward pass is used for calculating earliest expected time.
 - (ii) Backward pass is used for calculating the latest occurrence time.
 - (iii) Maximum value of earliest expected time is used if there is more than one value of any event.
 - (iv) All of the above.

Question numbers 2(a) to 2(e) carry 3 marks each.

- 2. Answer the following questions briefly: 15
 - (a) Define briefly scientific management and its importance in civil engineering works.
 - (b) State the different phases of project management.
 - (c) What is cost control? Explain briefly.
 - (d) State the differences between CPM and PERT.
 - (e) Define Event, Activity and Critical Path.

PART - B

Marks - 45

Answer all questions.

3.	Estimate	the expec	ted time	e of e	each of	f the
	following	activities	from th	e thre	e time	esti-
e 100 •	mates:					15

mates:						
Sl No. Activity		Time Estimates in days				
		to	ţ		t _p	
(i)	Driving precast piles for a bridge abutment	22	30		50	
(ii)	Erecting roof trusses for a factory shed	11	14		17	
(iii)	Concreting foundation of Turbo-generator	3	5 _{1/4}		6	
(iv)	Fabricating sheet metal AC ducts for an auditorium	1 12	16		17	

- 4. What are the benefits of good project management? Explain with examples different types of civil engineering projects and their importance.

 5+10=15
- 5. What are the different types of project monitoring reports? Show a format of project schedule chart.

 5+10=15