

**5<sup>th</sup> Semester (Retest) Examination- March, 2022**

**Course Code: CT-504**

**Subject- Design of RCC Structure. Full Marks-70**

**Time – 3 Hours Pass Marks- 28**



**Part A: 25 marks.**

Q.1) Answer the following questions in brief.

1 x 12 =12

- a) Define under reinforced section.
- b) What do you mean by modular ratio?
- c) Write is shear reinforcement?
- d) Define doubly reinforced section.
- e) Write the expression of ultimate moment of resistance of a rectangular beam for under reinforced section.
- f) What is slenderness ratio?
- g) Define development length.
- h) What do you mean by two way slabs?
- i) What do you mean by bleeding of concrete?
- j) What do you mean by partial safety factor?
- k) Show with diagram longitudinal and transverse reinforcement of a beam.
- l) Define bond of a concrete.

Q.2) Choose the correct answer: 1 X 6 = 6

- a) The moment of resistance of an under-reinforced section is
  - i) Equal to balance section
  - ii) Less than balanced section
  - iii) More than balanced section
  - iv) Less than under reinforced section.
- b) The neutral axis of a T beam exists in
  - i) Within the flange,
  - ii) at the bottom edge of the slab,
  - iii) below the slab.
  - iv) all the above.
- c) Spacing of stirrups in a rectangular beam, is
  - i) Kept constant throughout the length.
  - ii) decreased towards the centre of the beam,
  - iii) increased at the ends,
  - iv) increased at the centre of the beam.
- d) Hanger bars do not qualify as compression reinforcement in doubly reinforced beams, when its area is less than or equal to
  - i) 0.2%
  - ii) 1.0%
  - iii) 1.2%
  - iv) 1.5%
- e) The anchorage value of a 90 degree hook is
  - i) 12Ø
  - ii) 8Ø
  - iii) 15Ø
  - iv) 16Ø

f) The maximum strain in concrete at the outermost compression fibre is taken as..... in bending:

- i) 0.0032    ii) 0.0035    iii) 0.0037    iv) 0.0038



Q.3) Fill up the blanks;

- a) In R.C.C., steel reinforcement takes up..... stresses.
- b) Concrete is graded on the basis of .....
- c) The modulus of elasticity of steel is taken as ..... MPa.
- d) The distance from the centre of the bar to the extreme bottom fibre of a beam section is known as.....
- e) The area of stress block as per IS 456 is.....
- f) Shear reinforcement, provided in the form of vertical bars is known as.....
- g) If two way slab has torsion reinforcement at the corners it is called as.....

**Part B: 45 marks.**

**Answer any 5 (five) Questions.**

Q.4) Differentiate working stress method and limit state method. A reinforced concrete beam section of size 250 mm X 500 mm effective depth is reinforced with 4 numbers of 20 mm diameter bars. Assuming M20 grade concrete and Fe 415 steel, determine i) allowable moment of resistance and ii) ultimate moment of resistance 3+6 = 9

Q.5) Define doubly reinforced beam section. A beam section of size 300 mm X 500 mm total depth is reinforced as 4- 25 Ø as tensile reinforcement and 3-20 Ø as compression reinforcement. Assuming M20 grade concrete and Fe 415 steel, ultimate moment of resistance of the beam section. 9

Q.6) What is a compression member? Classify column based on slenderness ratio and define them. Define effective length and unsupported length. 1+4+4=9

Q.7) Define Development length. What is its significance? Define one way and two way slabs. What are the types of two way slabs? Explain them. 1.5+1.5+3+3=9

Q.8) Define shear reinforcement along with figure. A reinforced concrete beam of size 250 mm X 500 mm effective depth is reinforced with 4 nos. of 20 mm diameter bar as tensile reinforcement. The shear reinforcement consists of 2 legged 8 mm diameter stirrup @ 150 mm c/c spacing. Estimate the shear capacity of the section for M25 grade concrete and Fe 415 steel. 3+6=9

Q.9) A simply supported RCC beam over an effective span of 8 m carrying an imposed load of 30 kN/m. Design the beam using M20 concrete and Fe415 steel. Show the sketch showing arrangement of reinforcement. 9