Total number of printed pages-4

2014

53 (CS 713) ADDB

ADVANCED DATABASES

Paper : CS 713

Full Marks : 100

ai noitieogado Pass Marks : 30

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five questions.

 (a) What is multivalued dependency ? What type of constraint does it specify ? When does it arise ?
2+2+2=6

How object persistence can be specified

Contd.

(b) Given

 $R = \{A, B, C, D, E, F\}$ $R1 = \{A, B,\}$ $R2 = \{C, D, E\}$ $R3 = \{A, C, F\}$ $F = \{A \rightarrow B, C \rightarrow \{D, E\}, \{A, C\} \rightarrow F\}$

Check whether the decomposition is lossless? 8

- (c) Write the proof of decomposition and transitive (inference) rule. 6
- 2. (a) When are two sets of functional dependencies equivalent? Consider the following two sets of functional dependencies :

 $F = \{A \rightarrow C, AC \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow AD, E \rightarrow H\}$ and $G = \{A \rightarrow CD, E \rightarrow AH\}$. Check whether they are equivalent. 2+8=10

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(b) Write an algorithm to find the minimal cover of a set of functional dependencies.
Find the minimal cover for the following set of functional dependencies :

Relation R = (A, B, C, D, E, F)

 $F1 = \{A \to C, AC \to D, E \to AD, E \to F\}$ 5+5=10

- 3. (a) State the concurrency control and recovery problems encountered by distributed database which are not present in distributed database. 4
- (b) Explain query processing in distributed database with a suitable example. 8
 - (c) How do spatial databases differ from regular databases ? Discuss the different categories of spatial queries. 3+5=8
- 4. (a) What are the advantages of object oriented database approach for database management? 5
 - (b) What do you mean by persistent object ? How object persistence can be specified by naming and reachability ? 2+8=10

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Contd.

(c) What do you mean by active databases ?

- 5. (a) Write the differences between the following : $3 \times 3=9$
 - (i) Clustering and classification
 - (ii) Data mining and data warehousing
 - *(iii)* Horizontal and vertical fragmentation in DDBMS.
 - (b) Write the apriori algorithm. Illustrate it with a suitable example. 6+5=11
- 6. Write short notes on the following : (any two) $2 \times 10=20$
 - (i) Multimedia database
 - (ii) 4NF
 - (iii) Goals of data mining and knowledge discovery.

management

D. ACCA (21, 100

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