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53 (CS 713) ADDB

2013

(December)

ADVANCED DATABASES

Full Marks : 100

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five questions.

1. (a) Explain the transparency features of a distributed DBMS. Define and explain the different types of distribution transparency. 4+3=7
- (b) What is mixed fragmentation? Give an example. 2+3=5
- (c) Explain query processing in distributed database with suitable examples. Briefly explain the semijoin method. 5+3=8

Contd.

2. (a) Given below are two sets of FDs for a relation $R(A, B, C, D, E)$. Are they equivalent?

$$F1 = \{A \rightarrow B, AB \rightarrow C, D \rightarrow AC, D \rightarrow E\}$$

$$F2 = \{A \rightarrow BC, D \rightarrow AE\} \quad 7$$

(b) Write an algorithm to find the canonical cover of a set of FDs. 5

(c) What is lossless decomposition? Given

$$R = \{\text{SSN, ENAME, PNUMBER, PNAME, PLOCATION, HOURS}\}$$

$$R1 = \{\text{SSN, ENAME}\}$$

$$R2 = \{\text{PNUMBER, PNAME, PLOCATION}\}$$

$$R3 = \{\text{SSN, PNUMBER, HOURS}\}$$

$$F = \{\text{SSN} \rightarrow \text{ENAME},$$

$$\text{PNUMBER} \rightarrow \{\text{PNAME, PLOCATION}\},$$

$$\{\text{SSN, PNUMBER}\} \rightarrow \text{HOURS}\}$$

Check whether the decomposition is lossless. 2+6=8

3. (a) What is the difference between persistent and transient objects? How is persistence handled in typical object oriented database systems? 3+5=8

- (b) What is versioning ? Why is it important ?
What is the difference between versions
and configurations ? $2+2+3=7$
- (c) Explain briefly the following terms in
object-oriented database terminology :
method, signature, message, visible and
hidden attributes. 5
4. (a) How do spatial databases differ from
regular databases ? Discuss the different
categories of spatial queries. $3+5=8$
- (b) Describe how the insert, delete and update
commands would be implemented on valid
time relations. 6
- (c) Describe the concept of deductive
database. What is the similarity between
rules used in deduced databases and views
in the relational model ? $4+2=6$
5. (a) How does data mining differ from data
warehousing ? What are the types of
knowledge obtained from mining ?
 $3+5=8$
- (b) How does dustering differ from classifica-
tion ? 4

- (c) Give a definition of support and confidence and use them to define an association rule.

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6. Write short notes on the following : **(any two)**

2×10=20

- (i) Concurrency control and recovery in DDBMS.
- (ii) Multimedia database.
- (iii) BCNF and 4NF
- (iv) Decision support system.