

Total No. of printed pages = 7

RETEST EXAMINATION - 2019

Semester : 5th (Old)

Subject Code : CO-505

OPERATING SYSTEM

Full Marks - 70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Instructions :

1. *All* questions of PART-A are compulsory.
2. Answer any *five* questions from PART-B.

PART - A

Marks - 25

- 1 Fill in the blanks : 1×10=10
 - (a) _____ is a collection of related information.
 - (b) Multiprogramming is also called _____.
 - (c) A _____ OS allows users to share.

[Turn over

- (d) A _____ is a command interpreter.
- (e) PCB stands for _____.
- (f) CPU scheduling is the basis of _____.
- (g) Data stores temporarily in _____.
- (h) Spooling stands for _____.
- (i) BIOS stands for _____.
- (j) In the multiprogramming environment the main memory consists of _____ number of processes.

2. Choose the correct answer :

1×5=5

- (a) Which of the scheduling policy is most suitable for a time-shared operating system ?
- (i) Shortest Job First
- (ii) Round Robin
- (iii) First Come First Serve
- (iv) Elevator

16/CO-505/OS(O)

(2)



- (b) Moving process from main memory to disks is called
- (i) Scheduling (ii) Caching
- (iii) Swapping (iv) Spooling
- (c) What is the purpose of Resource allocation graph ?
- (i) To represent deadlock
- (ii) To detect deadlock
- (iii) To avoid deadlock
- (iv) To prevent deadlock
- (d) Sharing is possible in which technique ?
- (i) Paging
- (ii) Segmentation
- (iii) Both (i) and (ii)
- (iv) None of the above

16/CO-505/OS(O)

(3)

[Turn over

(e) Which command is used to create file in LINUX ?

- (i) cat > filename
- (ii) cat filename
- (iii) copy con filename
- (iv) None of the above

3. State true or false : 1×10=10

- (a) Round Robin is a preemptive scheduling algorithm.
- (b) A process is another name for job.
- (c) Banker's algorithm is a deadlock prevention algorithm.
- (d) Logical record is a collection of data treated as unit from user point of view.
- (e) Collection of files is a file directory.
- (f) The page size and frame size need not be equal.

16/CO-505/OS(O) (4)



- (g) A thread is a Light weight process.
- (h) Shared programs can cause deadlock.
- (i) The function of OS is resource allocation.
- (j) Critical section is not a layer of OS.

PART - B

Marks - 45

4. (a) Consider the three processes P₁, P₂, P₃ for

Round Robin Scheduling which require the following CPU time $1\frac{1}{2} \times 3 = 4\frac{1}{2}$

Process CPU time

P ₁	25
P ₂	5
P ₃	5

- (i) Draw the Gantt chart.
- (ii) Find the average waiting time.
- (iii) Find the average turn around time.

16/CO-505/OS(O) (5) [Turn over

(b) Consider the four processes P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4 for Priority Scheduling which require the following CPU time : $1\frac{1}{2} \times 3 = 4\frac{1}{2}$

Process	CPU time	Priority
P_1	5	3
P_2	10	2
P_3	8	4
P_4	3	1

Assume that all the processes have arrived at time 0.

- (i) Draw the Gantt chart.
- (ii) Find the average waiting time.
- (iii) Find the average turn around time.

5. (a) What is hard disk and what is its purpose? 3
- (b) Briefly explain the major functions of an operating system. 6

16/CO-505/OS(O) (6)

6. (a) What are the different states of a process? 3
 - (b) Explain PCB and its contents. 3
 - (c) List the memory management requirements. 3
7. (a) Define the term virtual memory. 2
 - (b) Define deadlock and explain a deadlock prevention mechanism. 2+5=7

8. Differentiate between : $4\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 9$
 - (a) Logical address and physical address
 - (b) Contiguous allocation and Linked allocation.
9. (a) Draw the figure of OS structure. 3
- (b) Write the differences between paging and segmentation. 6

10. What do you mean by distributed OS? Explain briefly. 9

16/CO-505/OS(O) (7) 300(W)