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Insurso to notistabyd no si 53 (CE 504) CNTC

## 2016

## CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY

Full Marks : 100 Time : Three hours

## The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five questions out of seven.

- 1. (a) Discuss in brief disadvantages of concrete. 3
  - ongation index of the coarse age What do you understand by grade of (b)concrete? Discuss with example. 3
  - (c) Enumerate various tests conducted on cement to access its characteristics. Explain any one test in detail.

gauge = 105qm

3+7=10

What are the different types of concrete (d) recommended by IS 456:2000?

Contd.

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- 2. (a) Explain the basic properties of cement compounds. 10
  - (b) Write a note on hydration of cement.
  - (c) In what type of condition the following types of cement are used  $-2\times3=6$ 
    - (a) Quick setting cement
    - (b) Sulphate resisting cement
    - (c) Portland slag cement.
- 3. *(a)* Explain the classification of aggregates. 8
  - (b) Describe the aggregate crushing test.

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- (c) Determine flakiness index and elongation index of the coarse aggregate for the following data
  - (i) Weight passing through 63mm IS sieve and retained in 6.3mm IS sieve = 550gm
  - (ii) Weight passing through thickness gauge = 105gm
  - (iii) Weight retained on length gauge = 135gm
  - (*iv*) Total weight of coarse aggregate takes = 3kg 4

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- 4. (a) Describe honeycombing and efflorescence. Why they occur? Explain their remedies. 4+4+2=10
  - (b) Describe the properties of hardened concrete. What do you mean by creep of concrete? What are the factors affecting creep? 4+2+4=10
- 5. (a) Design a concrete mix of M25 for the following data 16
  - (i) Specific gravity of cement = 3.16Fine aggregate = 2.63

Coarse aggregate = 2.62

- (ii) Sand conforming to zone III
- (iii) Size of aggregate = 20mm
- (iv) Shape of aggregate = angular
- (v) Slump required = 50mm

(vi) W/C = 0.5

- (b) What are the different types of slumps?
- 6. (a) Describe about light weight concrete. What are the advantages of light weight concrete? 5+5=10

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Contd.

(b) Explain non destructive testing. What are the various methods of NDT of concrete? 5+5=10

7. Write short notes on :  $4 \times 5 = 20$ 

- (a) Ready Mix Concrete (RMC)
  - (b) Flow test
    - (c) Segregation \_\_\_\_\_\_ stab yollow
    - (d) Extra rapid hardening cement.

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