53 (FPT 503) FPEN

2018

FOOD PROCESS ENGINEERING

Paper: FPT 503

Full Marks: 100

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any five questions.

- 1. (a) What is a drying rate curve? 5
 - (b) What is meant by Constant-rate period and Falling-rate period? Why do they occur in drying process?
 - (c) What are various types of advanced drying techniques?
- (a) How evaporation is diffrent from distillation and drying?
 - (b) What is meant by a Multiple-effect evaporator?
 - (c) Describe a Short-tube evaporator system with a neat diagram.
 5

Contd.

- (a) 180m³/h of a steam of moist air at 15° DBT (Dry-bulb temperature) and 20°C WBT (Wet-bulb temperature) are mixed with 720m³/h of second steam at 15°C DBT and 50% RH (Relative Humidity). Barometric Pressure is 1 standard atmosphere. Determine DBT and WBT of resultant mixture.
 - (b) The humidity ratio of atmospheric air at 25°C DBT and 101.32kPa is 0.012kg/kg of dry air.
 Determine:
 - (i) Relative Humidity (RH)
 - (ii) Degree of Saturation
 - (iii) Humid Volume.

(Data given: Partial pressue of Water Vapor-0.019bar).

- \rightarrow Dew point temp. -17°C
- → Saturation Pressure of Vapor 0.032 bar). 10
- 4. (a) How a humidification of air is done?
 - (b) Describe a relationship between relative

- humidity and percentage humidity. 5
- (c) With neat diagram, discuss typical humidification equipment.
 5
- (d) What are the various applications of humidification operations in food processing?
- 5. (a) Two tonnes of paddy with 22% moisture content on wet basis are to be dried to 12% moisture content on dry basis. Calculate the weight of bone dry products and water evaporated. 10
 - (b) Determine the values of C and n from Hendenson's equation for the following data:

	RH	Temp	M_e
Sample-1	40%	60°C	8.65%
Sample - 2	80%	50°C	14.62%

6. Write short notes on:

5×4=20

- (a) Hysteresis effect
- (b) Dewpoint Temperature
- (c) Cabinet Dryer
- (d) Hammer Mill
- (e) Calandria Evaporator.

- 7. Differentiate the following: 5×4=20
 - (a) Bound Moisture Content and Unbound Moisture Content
 - (b) Thin-layer drying and Deep-bed drying
 - (c) Humidification and Dehumidification process
 - (d) Drying and Dehydration
 - (e) Rising film evaporator and Falling film evaporator.