

2017

**FIBER OPTICS & LASER
INSTRUMENTS**

Paper : IE 703

Full Marks : 100

Time : Three hours

**The figures in the margin indicate
full marks for the questions.**

Answer **any five** questions.

1. (a) A ray of light travelling in air strikes a particular transparent plate defining an angle of 30° w.r.t. the incoming ray and plate surface. If the transmitted and reflected ray makes an angle of 85° with each other, determine the R.I. of the transparent plate. Also find the critical angle in this case. 6
- (b) What role does internal reflection play in light propagation through an optical fiber? 3

Contd.

- (c) A fiber has 30mW of light power injected into it. Of this 27.9mW exits the opposite end of the fiber. This exiting light from the fiber fall upon a detector with a light sensitive area of 5cm^2 . Now determine the irradiance. 5
- (d) What is the difference between LIDAR and RADAR? Draw the block diagram of a typical LIDAR system. 6
- (e) How does a PIN detector differ from APD? 3
3. (a) With the help of an energy diagram, explain how the four level LASER scheme is more efficient than three level LASER system. 7
- (b) Calculate the frequency of stimulating photons if an atom is stimulated from the state of $1 \times 10^{-34}\text{J}$ to an excited level of $7.62 \times 10^{-34}\text{J}$. 4
- (c) State some of the important features of Nd-YAG LASER. 4
- (d) Explain about the operation of the two techniques: Q-switching and Mode locking in LASER system. 5

4. (a) Discuss the various resonator configurations of a LASER setup. 8
- (b) Generalize the properties of LASER. 5
- (c) Summarise the merits and demerits of LASER welding. 5
- (d) Outline some areas of LIDAR applications. 2
5. (a) Describe with a neat diagram about LASER Doppler velocimetry for fluid velocity measurement. 8
- (b) Draw and explain the Mach-Zehnder interferometric sensor arrangement. 10
- (c) Calculate the quantum efficiency of an APD that produces 10 electrons for every one incident photon. 2
6. (a) Outline the differences between holography and photography. 7
- (b) Explain about three scientific applications of holography. 6
- (c) Differentiate between the reflection hologram and transmission hologram. 5

(d) What are the requirements of LASER instruments for surgery? 2

7. Write technical notes on : **(any four)**

5×4=20

- (a) Material dispersion
- (b) Optical fluid level detector
- (c) Fabry Perot LASER
- (d) Extrinsic Loss in fiber
- (e) Gas LASER.