

Total number of printed pages—4

53 (FPT 603) BITC

2017

BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

Paper : FPT 603

Full Marks : 100

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer **any five** questions from **seven**.

1. (a) Define Biomolecules. Which atom is a major part of biomolecule ? 3
- (b) What is saturated and unsaturated fatty acid ? Give one example of each. 4
- (c) Explain the differences between competitive and non-competitive inhibition, with reference to one example of each. 5
- (d) What is N-equilibrium ? Explain amino acid pool. 4
- (e) What is peptide bond ? Write the Zwitterionic form of amino acids. 4

Contd.

2. (a) What is Substrate level phosphorylation ? What is the purpose of oxidative phosphorylation ? 5
- (b) Differentiate between reducing and non-reducing sugar. 5
- (c) Explain that enzymes lower the activation energy of the chemical reactions that they catalyze. 5
- (d) What is C and N-terminal ? Draw the structure of simplest amino acid. 3
- (e) What is D and L-isomer ? 2
3. (a) What is ATP ? Which process produce the most ATP ? How ATP is different from ADP ? 5
- (b) Describe the induced-fit model in enzymes. 5
- (c) What is Gluconeogenesis ? What are the key enzymes of Gluconeogenesis ? 5
- (d) Draw the ring form of G6P. What is the name of enzyme that catalyze phosphoenolpyruvate to pyruvate ? 2
- (e) Define anabolism and catabolism. 3

4. (a) What is the alternative pathway for breakdown of Glucose ? What is Ribose-5-phosphate and why is it important ? 4
- (b) Explain the chemical nature of enzymes. 5
- (c) What is DNA technology ? Explain the tools used in genetic engineering. 2+4
- (d) Write the various steps involved in fat absorption with suitable diagram. 5
5. (a) Define the following terms : 2×5
- (i) Aldose
 - (ii) GTP
 - (iii) Alpha-helix
 - (iv) Disulphide bond
 - (v) Substrate.
- (b) What is a cellular pool ? What are its two phases ? 5
- (c) Define Explant Culture. What are the basic techniques of plant tissue culture ? 5

6. (a) Define ETC. What is a byproduct of ETC ? 5

(b) Differentiate between : 3×3

(i) Callus and Suspension Culture

(ii) Homopolysaccharide and Heteropolysaccharide

(iii) Sugar and Non-sugar.

(c) Define Hydrolases, transferases and isomerases. 2+2+2

7. (a) Write brief notes on : **(any four)**

4×4

(i) Tertiary structure of protein

(ii) Golden rice

(iii) Polypeptide

(iv) Enzyme specificity

(v) Essential amino acid.

(b) What are acidic and basic amino acids ?
Give examples. 4