## ET-403/DE/4th Sem/ETC/2016/N

## DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

Full Marks - 70

Pass Marks - 28

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer question No.1 and any four from the rest.

- 1. (a) Convert the following decimal numbers to octal and hexadecimal form:
  - (i) (326)<sub>10</sub>
  - (ii) (289)<sub>10</sub>
  - (b) Encode the following into Excess-3 and Grey code:
    - (i) (54)<sub>10</sub>
    - (ii) (85)<sub>10</sub>
  - (c) Perform the following: 101101, + 100111,

- (d) Perform the following using 2's complement method: 4 (i) 1101, - 1001, (ii) 10111, - 11011, 2. (a) Write the Demorgan's theorem and prove them with logic circuit and truth table. 6 Realise the logic equation: 8 (b) Y = (A+B) (C+D)(i) only NAND gate (ii) only NOR gate. (a) Convert the Boolean expression into stan-6 dard SOP form:  $Y = AB + A\overline{B}C + BC + AC$ 
  - (b) Minimize the following logic function using K-map method: 8  $f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8) +$ d (10,11,14)

3.

- 4. (a) What is multiplexer? Design a 8:1 multiplexer and explain. 2+6=8
  - (b) What is full adder? Draw the logic circuit and explain the working principle of full adder using truth table.
- 5. What are different logic families? Explain CMOS logic family with circuitry. 5+9=14
- 6. (a) What is a flip-flop? Explain with truth table and neat diagram the working of R-S flip-flop.
  - (b) What is a Ring counter? Explain a 4-bit Ring counter with diagram. 2+4=6
  - 7. Write short notes on any two:  $7 \times 2 = 14$ 
    - (i) ASCII code
    - (ii) Semiconductor memory
    - (iii) LED and LCD display
    - (iv) Shift Register.